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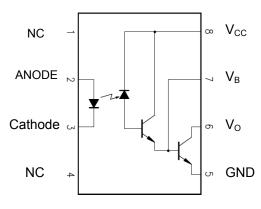
6N138-L, 6N139-L Single Channel, High Speed Optocouplers

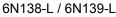


Description

These high gain series couplers use a light emitter diode and an integrated high gain photo detector to provide extremely high current transfer ratio between input and output. Separate pins for the photodiode and output stage result in TTL compatible saturation voltage and high speed operation. Where desired the Vcc and Vo terminals may be tied together to achieve conventional photo darlington operation. A base access terminal allows a gain bandwidth adjustment to be made.

Functional Diagram





Truth Table (Positive Logic)					
LED	OUT				

A 0.1µF bypass Capacitor must be connected between Pin8 and Pin5



Features

- High current transfer ratio 2000% typical.
- Low input current requirements 0.5mA
- High output current 60mA
- CTR guarantee 0~70°C.
- Instantaneous common mode rejection 10KV/ μ sec
- TTL compatible output $0.1V V_{OL}$ typical
- UL, CSA approved.

APPLICATIONS

- Digital logic ground isolation
- Low input current line receiver
- Telephone ring detector
- EIA-RS-232C line receiver
- Current loop receiver
- High common mode noise line receiver

Part No.: 6N138-L / 6N139-L series

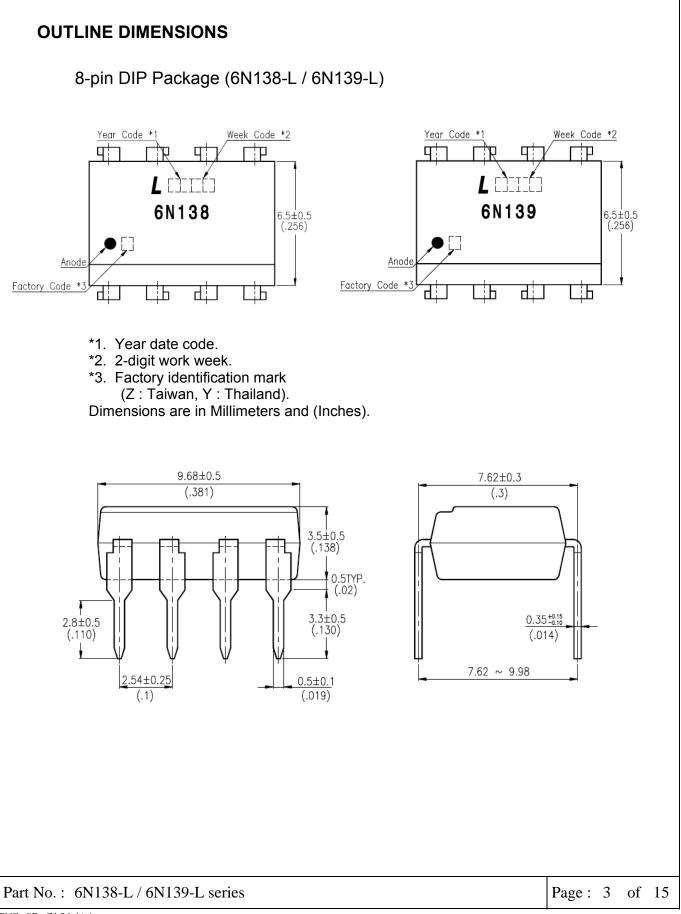
OFF

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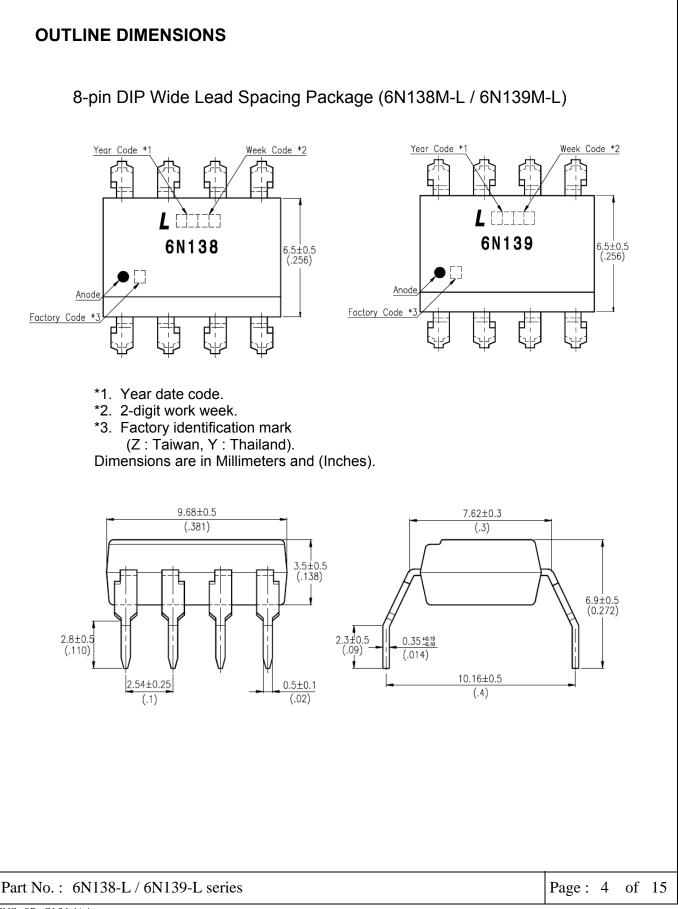
Ordering Information

Part Option	Minimum CMR						
	Option	dV/dt (V/µs)	V _{CM} (V)	CTR	Remarks		
	-L				Single Channel, DIP-8		
6N138	M-L			400	Single Channel, Wide Lead Spacing		
	S-L	1,000	10		Single Channel, SMD-8		
	-L				Single Channel, DIP-8		
6N139	M-L			300	Single Channel, Wide Lead Spacing		
	S-L				Single Channel, SMD-8		

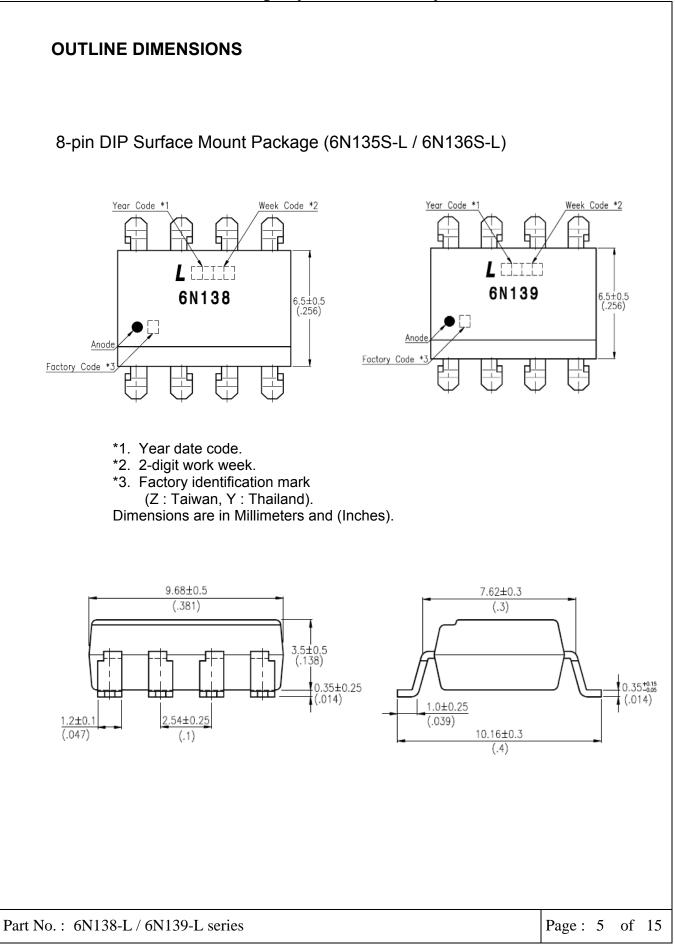
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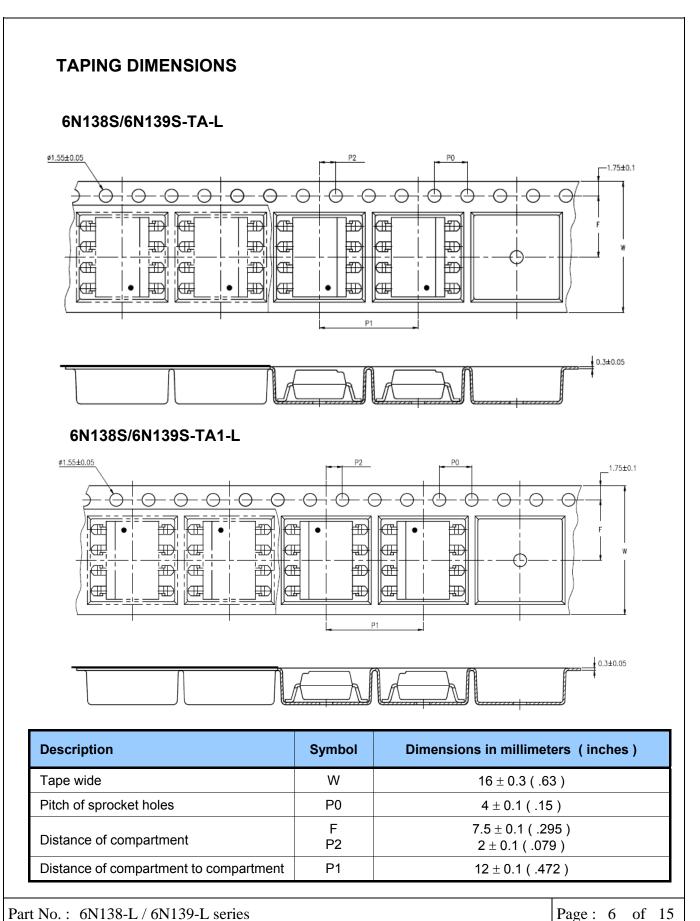
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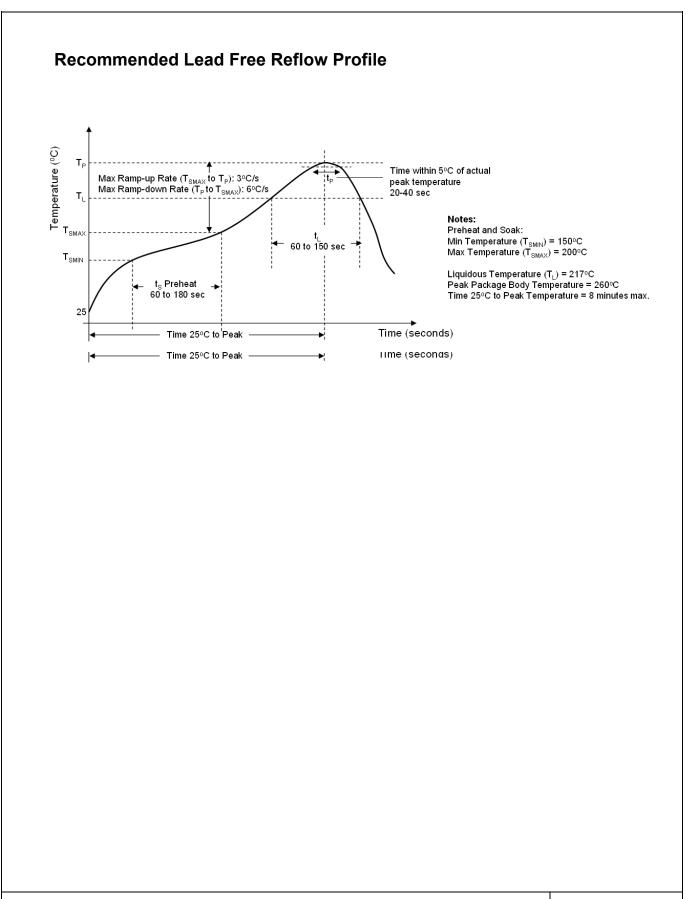


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BNS-OD-C131/A4

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Absolute Maximum Ratings*1

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Min	ТҮР	Мах	Units	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}		-55		125	°C	
Operating Temperature	T _A		-40		85	°C	
Isolation Voltage	V _{ISO}	6N138-L 6N139-L			5000	V _{RMS}	
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}			-		15	V
Lead Solder Temperature * 2	T _{SOL}				260	°C	
Input							
Average Forward Input Current	I _F				20	mA	
Reverse Input Voltage	V _R	6N138-L 6N139-L			5	V	
Input Power Dissipation	Pı				35	mW	
Output							
Average Output Current	Ι _ο	6N138-L 6N139-L			50	mA	
Supply Voltage, Output Voltage	Vcc, Vo	6N138-L	-0.5		7	V	
	vcc, v ₀	6N139-L	-0.5		18	v	
Output Collector Power Dissipation	Po	6N138-L 6N139-L			100	mW	

1. Ambient temperature = 25° C, unless otherwise specified. Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for long periods of time can adversely affect reliability.

2. 260°C for 10 seconds. Refer to Lead Free Reflow Profile.

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Electrical Specifications									
Parameters	Test Condition	Symbol	Device	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
Input									
Input Forward Voltage	I _F =1.6mA, T _A =25℃	V _F			1.1	1.7	V		
Input Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient	IF=1.6mA	ΔV _F /ΔTa	6N138-L 6N139-L		-1.9		mV/°C		
Input Reverse Voltage	I _R = 10μΑ Τ _Α =25℃	BV _R		5	-	-	V		
Input Capacitance	V _F =0; f=1MH _Z	C _{IN}		-	60	-	pF		
Detector		·							
	I _F =1.6mA;Vo=0.4V; Vcc=4.5V		6N138-L	400	2000	-			
Current transfer ratio	I _F =0.5mA;Vo=0.4V; Vcc=4.5V	CTR 6N139-L	500	1600	-	%			
	I _F =1.6mA;Vcc=0.4V; Vcc=4.5V			300	1600	-			
	I _F =1.6mA;Vcc=4.5V; I₀=4.8mA		6N138-L	-	0.1	0.4 0.4 V	V		
Logic low output voltage	$I_{F}=0.5mA;Vcc=4.5V;$ $I_{o}=2mA$ $I_{F}=1.6mA;Vcc=4.5V;$ $I_{o}=8mA$ $I_{F}=5mA;Vcc=4.5V;$ $I_{o}=15mA$	V _{OL}	6N139-L	-	0.1				
	I _F =12mA;Vcc=4.5V; I _o =24mA			-	0.2				
	I _F =0mA, Vo=Vcc=7V T _A =25℃		6N138-L	-	0.05	250	٨		
Logic high output current	$I_F=0mA$, Vo=Vcc=18V $T_A=25^{\circ}C$	I _{OH}	6N139-L	-	0.1	100	μΑ		
Logic low supply current	I _F =1.6mA, V₀=open (Vcc=18V)	I _{ccL}	6N138-L 6N139-L	-	0.4	1.5	mA		
Logic high supply current	$I_F=0mA, V_o=open;$ $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ (Vcc=18V)	I _{ccH}	6N138-L 6N139-L	-	0.01	10	mA		
*All Typical at T _A =25 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$									

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SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS (AC)

Parameter	Test Condition	Symbol	Device	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
	I _F =1.6mA; R _L = 2.2kΩ		6N138-L	-	1.6	10	
Propagation Delay Time to Low Output Level	I _F =0.5mA; R _L =4.7KΩ	t _{PHL}		-	5	25	μs
	I _F =12mA; R _L =270Ω		6N139-L	-	0.1	1	
	I _F =1.6mA; R _L = 2.2kΩ		6N138-L t _{PLH} 6N139-L -	-	10	35	
Propagation Delay Time to High Output Level	I _F =0.5mA; R _L =4.7KΩ	t _{PLH}		-	18	60	μs
	I _F =12mA; R _L =270Ω			-	2	7	
Logic High Common Mode Transient Immunity	I _F =0mA; V _{CM} =10V _{p-p}		ICM	10		KV/µs	
	R _L =2.2KΩ	CM _H	^{рстин} 6N139-L	I	10	-	KV/µs
Logic Low Common Mode Transient Immunity	I _F =1.6mA;		6N138-L	1	10		KV/µs
	V _{CM} =10V _{p-p} R _L =2.2K Ω	CM _∟	CM _L 6N139-L			-	KV/µs

*All Typical at T_A=25°C

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Isolation Characteristics

Parameter	Test Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input-Output Insulation Leakage Current	45% RH, t = 5s, V _{I-O} = 3kV DC, T _A = 25°C	I _{I-O}			1.0	μA
Withstand Insulation Test Voltage	RH ≤ 50%, t = 1min, T _A = 25°C	V _{ISO}	2500			V_{RMS}
Input-Output Resistance	V _{I-O} = 500V DC	R _{I-O}		10 ¹²		Ω

*All Typical at T_A=25°C

Notes,

1. AC For 1 Minute, $R.H. = 40 \sim 60\%$. Isolation voltage shall be measured using the following method.

(1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector and emitter on the secondary side.

(2) The isolation voltage tester with zero-cross circuit shall be used.

(3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

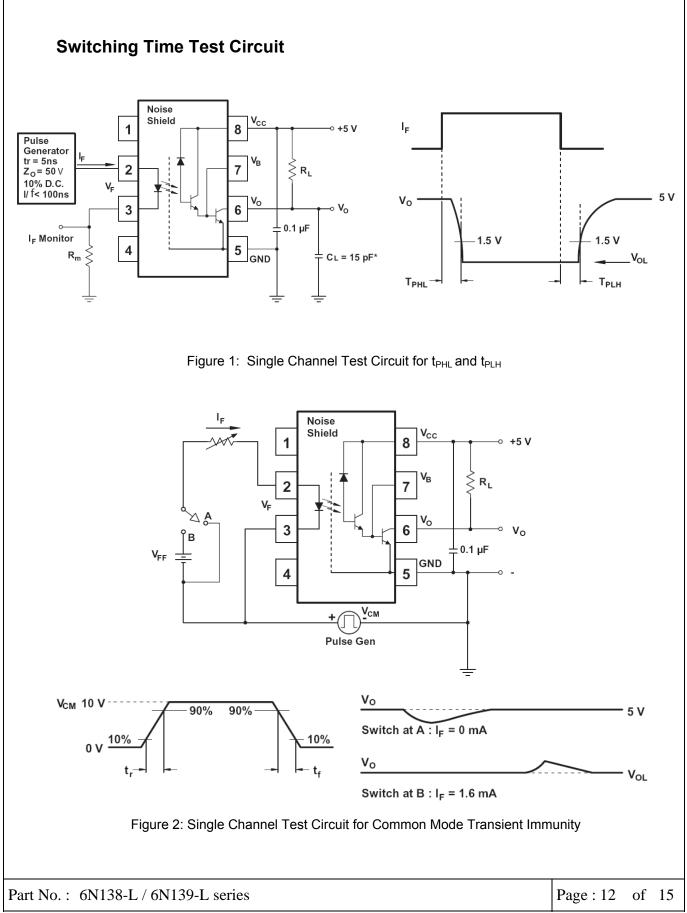
2. For 10 Seconds

3. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) is defined as the ration of output collector current, Io, to the forward LED input current, IF, times 100%.

4. Pin 7 open.

5. Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "output (1)" represents a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output above (1) level (Vo>2.0V).Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "output (0)" represents a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output above (0) level (Vo<0.8V).
6. Device considered a two terminal device. Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together and Pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.

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Characteristics Curves

Figure 3: DC transfer characteristics

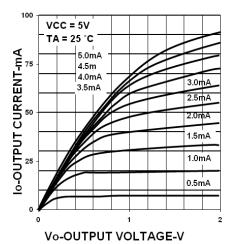


Figure 4: output current vs. input diode forward current

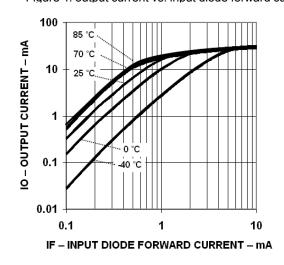
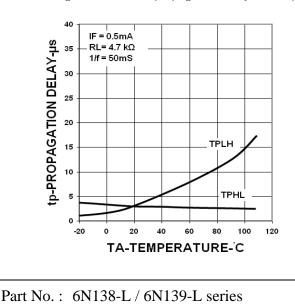
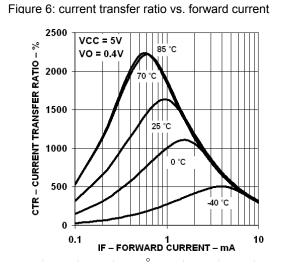
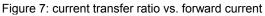
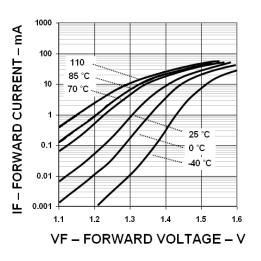


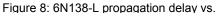
Figure 5: 6N139-L propagation delay vs. temperature

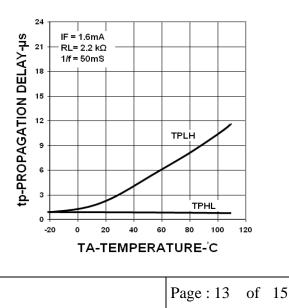












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Characteristics Curves

Figure 9: 6N139-L propagation delay vs.

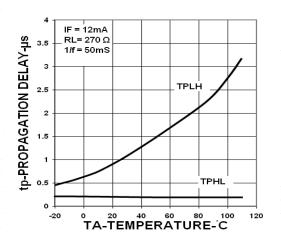
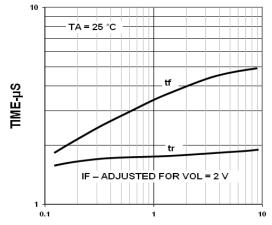


Figure 10: Nonsaturated rise and fall time vs. load resistance



RL-LOAD RESISTENCE-kΩ

Figure 11: Forward voltage vs. temperature

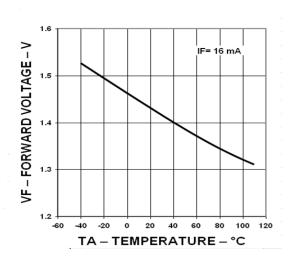
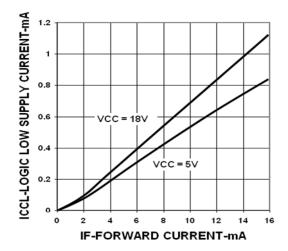


Figure 12: Logic low supply current vs. forward current



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Notes:

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