Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

General Description

The MAX22513 dual-channel low power IO-Link device transceiver features a selectable control interface, internal high-efficiency DC-DC buck regulator, two internal linear regulators, and integrated surge protection for robust communication. The device features low-on resistance drivers (C/Q and DO/DI), selectable driver current limits, and overcurrent protection to reduce power dissipation in small sensor applications.

The DC-DC buck regulator supplies up to 300mA load current and has an adjustable output voltage (from 2.5V to 12V). Internal linear regulators generate 5V and 3.3V, supplying up to 50mA of current.

The MAX22513 can be controlled using SPI or I²C interfaces, providing flexibility for microcontrollers, and extensive control and diagnostic features. Both fulland half-duplex SPI are supported. The internal MCLK oscillator provides a clock source to a microcontroller for IO-Link communication.

The MAX22513 features extensive integrated protection to ensure robust communication in harsh industrial environments. All four IO pins (V₂₄, C/Q, DO/DI, and GND), are reverse voltage protected, short circuit protected, and feature integrated ± 1 kV/500 Ω surge protection.

The MAX22513 is available in a tiny WLP package (4.1mm x 2.1mm) or 28-pin TQFN-EP package (3.5mm x 5.5mm) and operates over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

Applications

- IO-Link Sensor and Actuator Devices
- Industrial Sensors

Benefits and Features

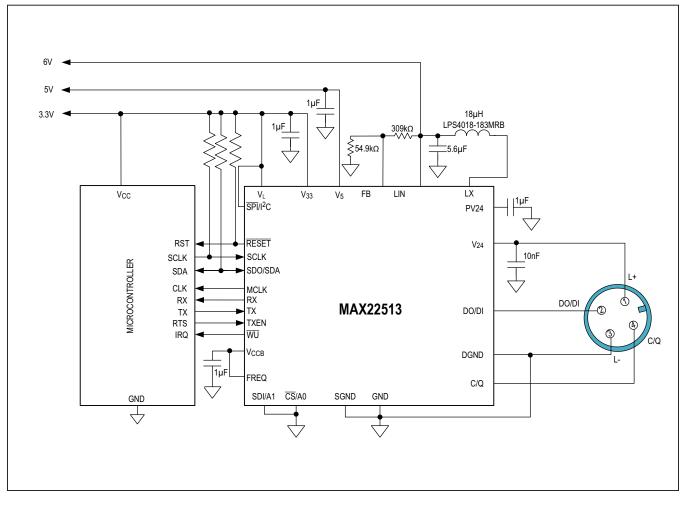
- High Configurability and Integration Reduces SKU
 - Configurable C/Q and DO/DI Drivers
 - PNP, NPN, and Push-Pull Modes
 - Individual Slew Rate Control for Drivers
 - Selectable Driver Current Limit: 50mA to 250mA
 - Control and Monitoring with I²C or SPI
 Half- and Full-Duplex SPI Modes
 - Integrated High-Efficiency DC-DC Buck Regulator
 - Selectable Switching Frequency
 - 921kHz (typ) or 1.229MHz (typ)
 - 300mA (max) Load
 - Output Voltage from 2.5V to 12V
 - Internal 5V and 3.3V Linear Regulators
 - Accurate Oscillator for IO-Link Communication
- Integrated Protection Enables Robust Systems
 - Integrated ±1kV/500Ω Surge Protection
 - Glitch Filters for Improved Burst Resilience
 - Selectable Overcurrent Configuration
 - Hot-Plug and Reverse Polarity Protection
 - -40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range
- Optimized for Small Sensor Designs
 - Low Power Dissipation:
 - 2Ω (typ) On-Resistance for C/Q and DO/DI Drivers
 - Available in Two Tiny Packages:
 - 28-Pin TQFN-EP (3.5mm x 5.5mm)
 - WLP (4.1mm x 2.1mm)

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.



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I²C Interface Application Circuit



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

(All voltages refere	enced to GND unles	s otherwise noted.)		IRQ
V ₂₄ (Continuous).		36V to +36	6V	DGND, SGND
V ₂₄ (Peak, 100µs)		52V to +6	5V	Continuous Current
PV24 (Continuous) (Note 1) max	(-0.3V, V ₂₄ - 3V) to +36	6V	Continuous Current
PV24 (Peak, 100µ	s)	max(-0.3V, V24 - 52	2V)	Peak Current into F
		to min(+52V, V24 + 52	2V)	Continuous Current
LX		0.3V to (PV24 + 0.3	SV)	Continuous Current
LIN (Continuous).	max((-0.3V, V ₅ - 0.3V) to +30	6V	Continuous Power
		(-0.3V, V ₅ - 0.3V) to +52		(T _A = +70°C (de
C/Q, DO/DI (Conti	nuous)	max(-36V, V24 - 36	6V)	above +70°C))
		to min(+36V, V ₂₄ + 36	6V)	Continuous Power
C/Q, DO/DI (Peak	, 100µs)	max(-52V, V ₂₄ - 52	2V)	(T _A = +70°C (der
		to min(+52V, V ₂₄ + 52	,	above +70°C))
		0.3V to +6		Operating Tempera
V _L		0.3V to +6	6V	Maximum Junction
V ₃₃		0.3V to (V ₅ + 0.3	SV)	Storage Temperatu
				Soldering Temperat
<u>SPI</u> /I ² C, <u>CS</u> /A0, S				(TQFN only, sold
		0.3V to (V _L + 0.3	SV)	Bump Reflow Temp
LOGIC OUTPUTS				
WU, SDO/SDA,	RX, LO/LI, MCLK	0.3V to (V _L + 0.3	SV)	

IRQ0.3V to +6V
DGND, SGND0.3V to +0.3V
Continuous Current into V ₂₄ , LX, GND, or DGND±1A
Continuous Current into PV24±300mA
Peak Current into PV24 (100µs)±1A
Continuous Current into C/Q and DO/DI±500mA
Continuous Current into Any Other Pin±50mA
Continuous Power Dissipation (28-pin TQFN)
(T _A = +70°C (derate at 28.6mW/°C
above +70°C))
Continuous Power Dissipation (30-bump WLP)
(T _A = +70°C (derate at 20.76mW/°C
above +70°C))
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C
Maximum Junction Temperature+165°C
Storage Temperature Range40°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)
(TQFN only, soldering, 10 sec)+300°C
Bump Reflow Temperature+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 1: During power-up, (V₂₄ - PV24) voltage can be up to +52V until the internal active diode turns on.

Package Information

PACKAGE TYPE: 28 TQFN							
Package Code	T283555+1C						
Outline Number	21-0184						
Land Pattern Number	90-0123						
THERMAL RESISTANCE, FOUR-LAYER BOARD	D:						
Junction to Ambient (θ_{JA})	35°C/W						
Junction to Case (θ_{JC})	2.7°C/W						
PACKAGE TYPE: 8 x 4 WLP							
Package Code	W322A4+1						
Outline Number	21-100247						
Land Pattern Number Refer to Application Note 1891							
THERMAL RESISTANCE, FOUR-LAYER BOARD):						
Junction to Ambient (θ_{JA}) 48.16°C/W							

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial.

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

DC Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS / PO	WER SUPPLY						1
V ₂₄ Supply Voltage	V ₂₄			8		36	V
V ₂₄ Undervoltage Lockout		V ₂₄ rising		7.0	7.6	8	v
Threshold	V _{24UVLO}	V ₂₄ falling		6.6	7.0	7.5	V
V ₂₄ Undervoltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis	V _{24UVLO_HYST}				550		mV
V ₂₄ Low Voltage Warning Threshold	V _{24_W}	V ₂₄ falling		14.5	16	18	V
V ₂₄ Supply Current		No load on C/Q or DO/DI,	C/Q and DO/DI disabled		0.042	0.075	
	24	DC disabled,	C/Q and DO/DI are in push-pull and are high or low		0.46	0.65	mA
		DC-DC enabled, M and DO/DI in push low (see <u>Typical A</u>		3.75			
V ₅ Supply Voltage	V ₅	V ₅ supplied exterr	nally	4.5		5.5	V
V ₅ Undervoltage Lockout	V _{5UVLOR}	V ₅ rising		4.0		4.25	v
Threshold	V _{5UVLOF}	V ₅ falling		3.95		4.25	
V. Suzzlu Current	t I ₅	No load on C/Q or DO/DI, V ₅ powered externally, DC-	C/Q and DO/DI disabled		0.91	1.2	
V ₅ Supply Current		$\begin{array}{c} \text{I5} \\ \text{DC disabled,} \\ \text{MCLK disabled,} \\ \text{V}_{33} \text{ enabled, no} \\ \text{load on V}_{33} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{P} \\ In the second second$			1.89	2.4	mA
V _L Logic Level Supply Voltage	VL			2.5		5.5	V
V _L Undervoltage Threshold	V _{LUVLO}			0.5	0.84	1.2	V
V _L Logic Level Supply Current	١L		GND or V _L , no load its, MCLK disabled		15	30	μA

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS / DC	DC SWITCHING	REGULATOR					
Input Voltage Range	V _{24_DC}	V ₂₄ is the input t	o the DC-DC	8		36	V
DC-DC Turn-on Delay	^t DC_ON	Delay from V ₂₄ of threshold until the finishes soft-star		2.22		ms	
	fDC_H	FREQ = high	BUCKSS = 0	1.198	1.223	1.260	- MHz
Switching Frequency	fDC_HSPRD	FREQ – nign	BUCKSS = 1		1.229		
Switching Frequency	fDC_L	FREQ = low	BUCKSS = 0	898.6	921.6	944.6	- kHz
	fDC_LSPRD		BUCKSS = 1		921.6		KI
Spread Spectrum	Δf_{DC_SPRD}	FREQ = high, Bl	JCKSS = 1		7		%
Feedback (FB) Regulation Voltage	V _{DC_FB}				0.9		V
Output Voltage Accuracy	ACC _{DCFB}			-1	0	+1	%
Feedback (FB) OK Threshold	V _{DC_FBOK}	FB rising		91.5	95.3	99.4	%V _{DC_FB}
Feedback (FB) Low Threshold	V _{DC_FBTHLOW}			61	64	72	%V _{DC_FB}
LX On-Resistance (High Side)	R _{DC_HS}	From V ₂₄ to LX, (Note 3)		1.4	2.6	Ω	
LX On-Resistance (Low Side)	R _{DC_LS}	From LX to GND		0.85	1.7	Ω	
Active Diode On-Resistance	R _{DC ACT}	DC current (Note	e 3)		5.1	10	Ω
Peak Current into Active Diode	IDC_ACTMAX	(Note 3)				200	mA
Maximum LX Current Ripple	ΔI _{DC_LX}				100		%
High-Side Peak Current Limit	I _{DC_HS(LIM)}			650	750	860	mA
Low-Side Current Limit	IDC_LS(MAX)			-375	-300	-240	mA
DC-DC Autoretry Period	T _{DCRETRY}				22		ms
External Capacitance on PV24	C _{DC_PV24}			1			μF
DC CHARACTERISTICS / 5V	LINEAR REGUL	ATOR (V ₅)					
V ₅ Input Supply Voltage	V _{LIN}			6		36	V
V ₅ Output Voltage	V ₅	$6V \le V_{LIN} \le 36V$, no load on V ₅	4.75	4.92	5.25	V
V ₅ Load Regulation	ΔV_{5LDR}	V _{LIN} = 24V, 1mA < I _{LOAD} < 50mA			0.8	2	%
V ₅ Line Regulation	ΔV_{5LNR}	$6V \le V_{LIN} \le 36V$, $I_{LOAD} = 1mA$			0.03	0.15	mV/V
V ₅ Load Capacitance	C _{V5}	External capacita	1			μF	
DC CHARACTERISTICS / 3.3	V LINEAR REGU	LATOR (V ₃₃)					
V ₃₃ Output Voltage	V ₃₃	No load		3.1	3.17	3.3	V
V ₃₃ Load Regulation	ΔV _{33_LR}	1mA < I _{LOAD} < 3	30mA	0	0.35	1	%
V ₃₃ Load Capacitance	C _{V33}	External capacita	ance on V ₃₃	1			μF

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
DC CHARACTERISTICS / C/C	, DO/DI DRIVER						1
C/Q, DO/DI Driver High-Side On-Resistance	R _{CQOH} , R _{DOOH}	High-side enabled I _{LOAD} = +200mA		2.25	4.2	Ω	
C/Q, DO/DI Driver Low-Side On-Resistance	R _{DOOL} , R _{DOOL}	Low-side enabled I _{LOAD} = -200mA (2.07	4.1	Ω
			CL[1:0] = 00	50	67	82	
C/Q, DO/DI Driver Current		V _{DROP} = 3V	CL[1:0] = 01	100	120	140	mA
Limit	ICQCL, IDOCL	(Note 4)	CL[1:0] = 10	200	240	280	
			CL[1:0] = 11	250	300	350	
C/Q Leakage Current	ILEAK_CQ		36V) ≤ V _{C/Q} ≤ 36V, Q receiver disabled	-40		+30	μA
DO/DI Leakage Current	ILEAK_DO	V ₂₄ = 24V, (V ₂₄ – DO/DI driver disal	$36V) \le V_{DO/DI} \le 36V,$	-30		+17	μA
C/Q Output Reverse Current	I _{REV_CQ}	C/Q driver enable V _{C/Q} = (V ₂₄ + 5V)	d and in push-pull, or (V _{GND} - 5V)	-100		+300	μA
DO/DI Output Reverse Current	I _{REV_DO/DI}		bled and in push-pull, V) or (V _{GND} - 5V)	-100		+300	μA
C/Q, DO/DI Weak Pull-Down Current	ICQPD, IDOPD	Driver disabled, V CQ_PD = 1, CQ_ DO_PD = 1, DO_		-400	-300	-230	μA
C/Q, DO/DI Weak Pull-Up Current	ICQPU, IDOPU	Driver disabled, V _C CQ_PD = 0, CQ_ DO_PD = 0, DO_		+230	+300	+400	μA
DC CHARACTERISTICS / C/C	Q, DO/DI RECEIV	ER					
C/Q, DO/DI Input Voltage Range	V _{CQIN} , V _{DIIN}	For valid RX/LI log	gic	V ₂₄ - 36V		36	V
C/Q, DO/DI Input Threshold	V _{CQTH} , V _{DITH}	Driver disabled	V ₂₄ ≥ 18V	10.75		12.5	V
High	VCQIH, VDIIH	Driver disabled	V ₂₄ < 18V	53.1		84.4	%V ₂₄
C/Q, DO/DI Input Threshold	V _{CQTL} , V _{DITL}	Driver disabled	V ₂₄ ≥ 18V	9		10.5	V
Low			V ₂₄ < 18V	43.75		72	%V ₂₄
C/Q, DO/DI Input Hysteresis	V _{CQHYS} ,	Driver disabled	V ₂₄ ≥ 18V	1.45	1.9	2.15	V
			V ₂₄ < 18V	6.25	11.4	15.6	%V ₂₄
C/Q Input Capacitance	C _{IN_CQ}	Driver disabled, C CQ_PU = 0, f = 10		35		pF	
DO/DI Input Capacitance	C _{IN_DI}	Driver disabled, D DO_PU = 0, f = 10			35		pF

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS / AU		G (RESET, FREQ)				
RESETInput Voltage Low	V _{RSTIL}				3.05	V
RESETInput Voltage High	V _{RSTIH}		0.8			V
FREQ Input Voltage Low	V _{FREQIL}				3.05	V
FREQ Input Voltage High	V _{FREQIH}		0.8			V
RESETOutput Voltage Low	V _{POKLOW}	I _{LOAD} = 5mA			0.2	V
DC CHARACTERISTICS / LO	GIC INPUTS (SP	Ī/l²C, CS/A0, SCLK, SDI/A1, SDO/SDA,	TX, TXEN, I	_0/LI)		
Logic Input Voltage Low	VIL				0.2 x V _L	V
Logic Input Voltage High	VIH		0.8 x V _L			V
Logic Input Leakage Current	ILEAK	Logic input = GND or V_L	-1		+1	μA
DC CHARACTERISTICS / LO	GIC OUTPUTS (WU, IRQ, SDO/SDA, RX, LO/LI, MCLK)				
Logic Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}	WU, SDO/SDA, RX, LO/LI, MCLK, I _{LOAD} = -5mA			0.2	V
Logic Output Voltage High	V _{OH}	WU, SDO/SDA, RX, LO/LI, MCLK, I _{LOAD} = +5mA	V _L - 0.3V			V
IRQOpen-Drain High Impedance Leakage Current	I _{LK_OD}	IRQnot asserted	-1		+1	μA
SDO/SDA Leakage Current	ILK_SDO	$\overline{SPI}/I^2C = low, \overline{CS}/A0 = high$	-1		+1	μA
RX, LO/LI Leakage Current	I _{LK_RXLI}	$RX = LO/LI = GND \text{ or } V_L, DO_EN = 1$	-1		+1	μA
DC CHARACTERISTICS / TH	ERMAL CHARA	CTERISTICS				
C/Q or DO/DI Per-Driver Shutdown Temperature	T _{SHUT_DRV}	Driver temperature rising, C/Q or DO/ DI driver fault bit is set and driver is disabled		+150		°C
C/Q or DO/DI Per-Driver Shutdown Hysteresis	T _{SHUT_DHYS}	Driver temperature falling, driver is automatically reenabled		8		°C
IC Thermal Warning Threshold	T _{WRN}	Die temperature rising, THERMW and THERMWINT bits are set	+147		°C	
IC Thermal Warning Threshold Hysteresis	T _{WRN_HYS}	Die temperature falling, THERMW bit is cleared	9		°C	
IC Thermal Shutdown Threshold	T _{SHUT_IC}	Die temperature rising		+170		°C
IC Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T _{SHUT_ICHYS}	Die temperature		17		°C

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

AC Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS					
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS / C/Q, DO/DI DRIVER												
Driver Low-to-High	t _{PDLH_PP}	CQLOSLEW[1:0] or	Push-pull or PNP mode		0.74 1							
Propagation Delay	^t PDLH_OC	DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 00, <u>Figure 1</u>	NPN mode		1		μs					
Driver High-to-Low	^t PDHL_PP	CQLOSLEW[1:0] or	Push-pull or NPN mode		0.99	1.4						
Propagation Delay	^t PDHL_OC	DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 00, <u>Figure 1</u>	PNP mode		1		μs					
Driver Skew	^t skew	t _{PDLH} – t _{PDHL} , C DOLOSLEW[1:0] :	QLOSLEW[1:0] or = 00	-0.575		+0.1	μs					
Driver Rise Time			CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 00	0.1	0.2	0.325						
	t _{RISE} t _{RISE} = 30V, <u>Figure 1</u>	CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 01		0.40								
		CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 10		1.22		- µs						
			CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 11		4.7							
			CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 00	0.2	0.34	0.475						
		Push-pull or NPN	CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 01		0.66							
Driver Fall Time	^t FALL	mode, V ₂₄ (max) = 30V, <u>Figure 1</u>	CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 10		1.64		μs					
			CQLOSLEW[1:0] or DOLOSLEW[1:0] = 11		7.1							
C/Q Driver Enable Time High	t _{ENH}	Push-pull or PNP		0.74	1.1	μs						
C/Q Driver Enable Time Low	t _{ENL}	Push-pull or NPN	mode, <u>Figure 3</u>		0.3	0.45	μs					
C/Q Driver Disable Time High	tDISH	Push-pull or PNP	mode, <u>Figure 2</u>		1.8		μs					
C/Q Driver Disable Time Low	t _{DISL}	Push-pull or NPN	mode, Figure 3		1.8		μs					

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

AC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	C	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTE	ERISTICS / C/Q,	DO/DI RECEIV	ER				
C/Q Receiver Low-to-High			RXFILTER = 1	0.75	1.2	1.7	
Propagation Delay	^t PRLH_CQ	Figure 4	RXFILTER = 0	0.2	0.33	0.475	μs
C/Q Receiver High-to-Low			RXFILTER = 1	0.7	1.13	1.65	
Propagation Delay	^t PRHL_CQ	Figure 4	RXFILTER = 0	0.125	0.25	0.375	μs
DO/DI Receiver Low-to-High	1	Figure 4	DIFILTER = 1	1.3	2.1	2.9	
Propagation Delay	^t PRLH_DI	Figure 4	DIFILTER = 0	0.7	1.2	1.65	μs
DO/DI Receiver High-to-Low	+	Figure 4	DIFILTER = 1	1.1	1.8	2.55	
Propagation Delay	^t PRHL_DI	Figure 4	DIFILTER = 0	0.55	0.91	1.3	μs
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTE	ERISTICS / WAK	E-UP DETECT	ION (Figure 5)				
Wake-Up Input Minimum Pulse Width	^t wumin	C/Q load capa	acitance = 3nF	59.4	66	72.6	μs
Wake-Up Input Maximum Pulse Width	^t wumax			85.5	95	104.5	μs
WU Output Low Time	t _{WUL}	Valid wake-up	condition on C/Q	180	200	220	μs
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTE	ERISTICS / MCL	K CLOCK					
		CLKDIV[1:0] =	CLKDIV[1:0] = 00		3.686	3.779	MHz
	£	CLKDIV[1:0] = 01 CLKDIV[1:0] = 10		7.188	7.373	7.557	
MCLK Frequency	fMCLK			14.377	14.746	15.114	
		CLKDIV[1:0] =	= 11	1.797	1.843	1.889	
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTE	ERISTICS / SPI 1	IMING (CS/A0	, SCLK, SDI/A1, SDO/SI	DA) (Figure	6)		
Maximum SCLK Frequency	f _{SPI_MAX}	Read/write				12	MHz
SCLK Clock Period	t _{CH+CL}	Read/write		80			ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	t _{CH}	Write only		20			ns
SCLK Pulse Width Low	t _{CL}	Write only		20			ns
CS/A0 Fall to SCLK Rise Time	tcss			10			ns
SCLK Rise to CS/A0 Rise Hold Time	t _{CSH}			10			ns
SDI/A1 Hold Time	t _{DH}			5			ns
SDI/A1 Setup Time	t _{DS}			5			ns
SDO/SDA Output Data Propagation Delay	t _{DO}					32	ns
SDO/SDA Rise and Fall Times	t _{FT}				1.5		ns
Minimum CS/A0 Pulse	t _{CSW}				5		ns

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

AC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

(V₂₄ = 18V to 30V, V₅ = 4.5V to 5.5V, V_L = 2.5V to 5.5V, V_{DGND} = V_{SGND} = V_{GND} = 0V, All logic inputs at V_L or GND, T_A = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V₂₄ = 24V, V₅ = 5V, V_L = 3.3V and T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTE	RISTICS / I ² C (COMPATIBLE TIMING SPECIFICATION	S (Figure 7)			1
Maximum I ² C Clock Frequency	f _{SCLK}				2	MHz
Maximum Clock Period	tSCL_MAX		100			μs
Bus Free Time Between STOP and START Conditions	^t BUF		0.2			μs
START Condition Setup Time	t _{SU:STA}		0.1			μs
Repeat START Condition Setup Time	t _{SU:STA}	90% to 90%	0.1			μs
START Condition Hold Time	t _{HD:STA}	10% of SDA/SDO to 90% of SCLK	0.15			μs
STOP Condition Setup Time	t _{SU:STO}	90% of SCLK to 10% of SDA/SDO	0.1			μs
Clock Low Period	t _{LOW}	10% to 10%	0.1			μs
Clock High Period	t _{HIGH}	90% to 90%	0.15			μs
Data Valid to SCLK Rise Time	^t SU:DAT	Write setup time	50			ns
Data Hold Time	t _{HD:DAT}	Write hold time			0	ns
Maximum SDO/SDA Drive Low Time	^t DATLOW		1.0	1.1	1.2	ms
ESD AND EMC CHARACTERI	STICS					
ESD Protection		IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge		±2		kV
(C/Q, DO/DI, V ₂₄ Pins)		IEC 61000-4-2 Airgap Discharge		±3		ĸv
ESD Protection (All Other Pins)		Human Body Model		±2		kV
Surge Protection (C/Q, DO/DI, V ₂₄ Pins)	V _{SRG}	IEC 61000-4-5, 500Ω 8/20µs surge to ground		±1		kV

Note 2: All devices 100% productions tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

Note 3: Not production tested. Guaranteed by design.

Note 4: V_{DROP} is measured as the voltage from the driver output to GND (V_{DRIVER} - V_{GND}) when measuring thelow-side driver current limit and as (V₂₄ - V_{DRIVER}) when measuring the high-side driver current limit.

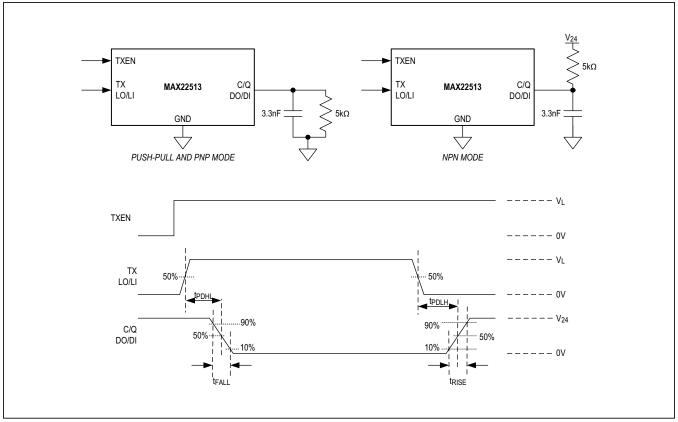


Figure 1. C/Q and DO/DI Driver Propagation Delays

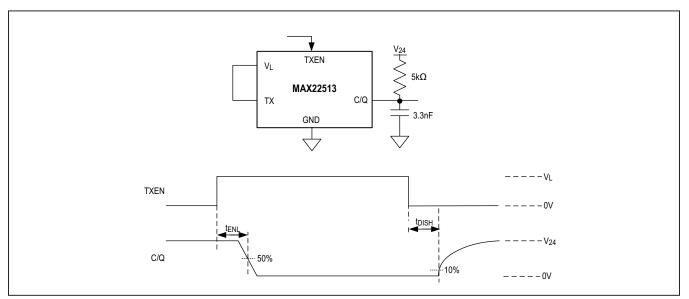


Figure 2. C/Q Driver Enable Low and Disable High Timing

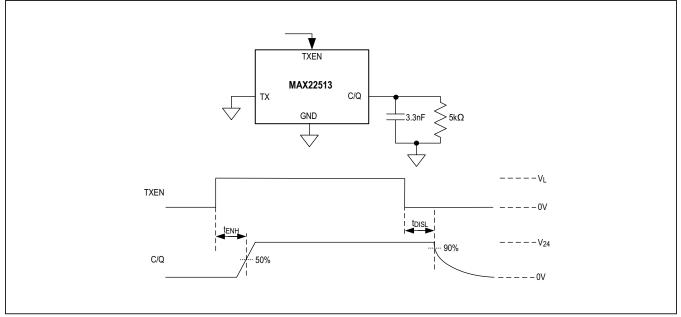


Figure 3. C/Q Driver Enable/Disable Timing

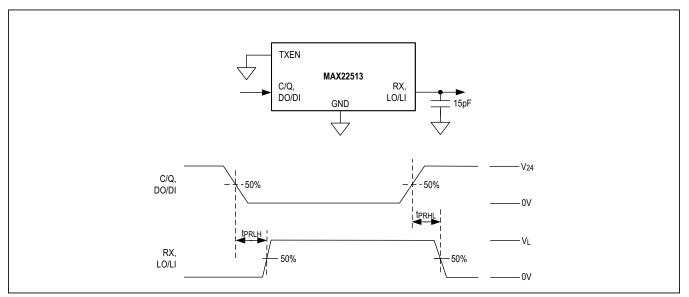


Figure 4. C/Q Receiver Timing

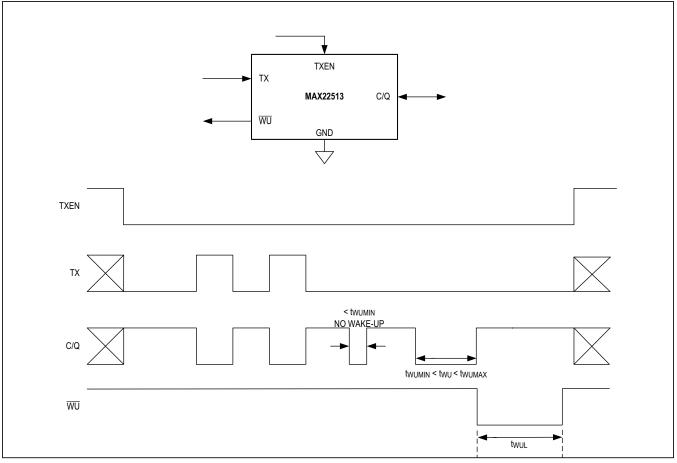


Figure 5. Wake-Up Timing

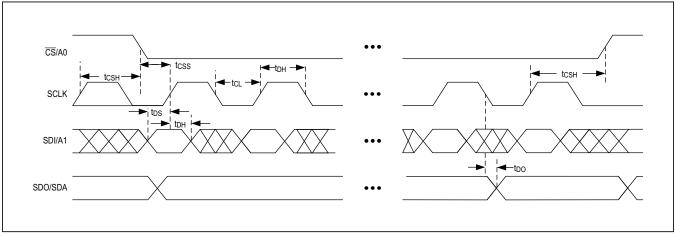
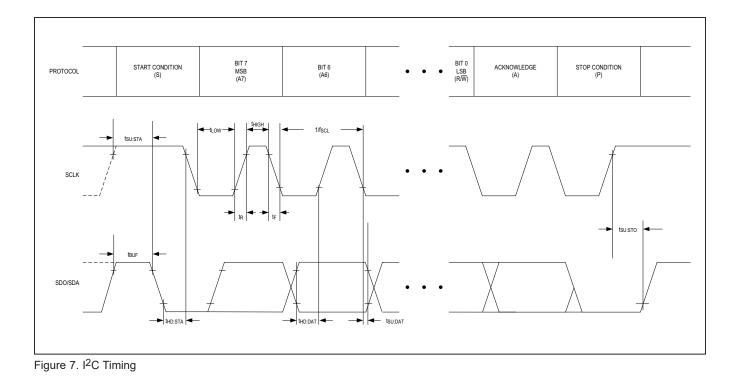


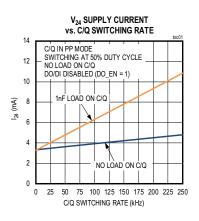
Figure 6. SPI Timing

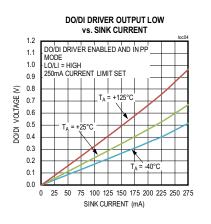


Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

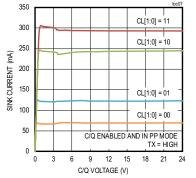
Typical Operating Characteristics

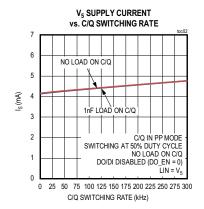
(V₂₄ = 24V, V₅ = 5V, DC-DC regulator enabled, $V_L = V_{33}$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted)

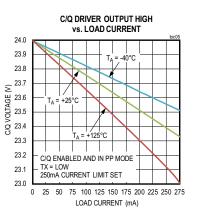


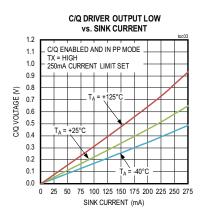


C/Q DRIVER OUTPUT LOW CURRENT LIMIT vs. SINK CURRENT



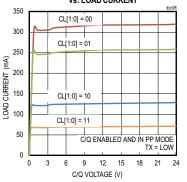




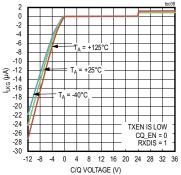




C/Q DRIVER OUTPUT HIGH CURRENT LIMIT



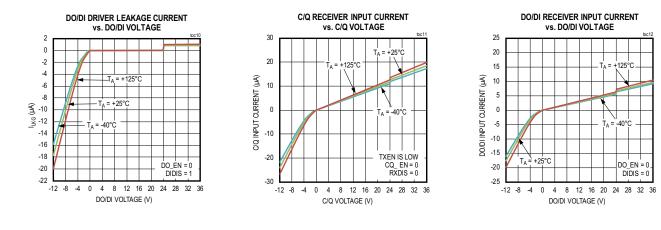
C/Q DRIVER LEAKAGE CURRENT vs. C/Q VOLTAGE

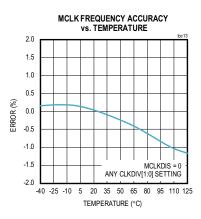


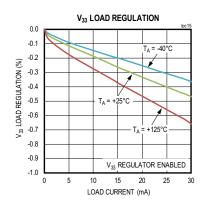
Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

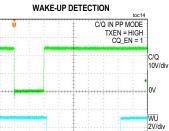
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V₂₄ = 24V, V₅ = 5V, DC-DC regulator enabled, $V_L = V_{33}$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted)



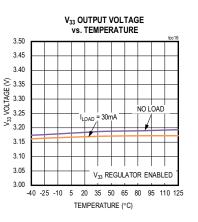






40µs/div

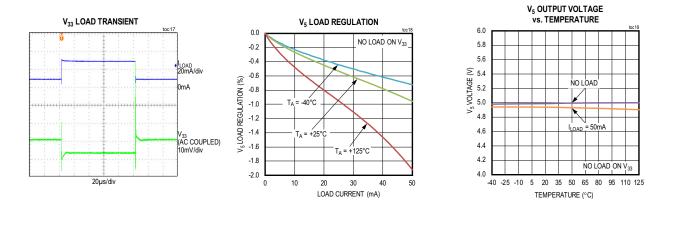
0V

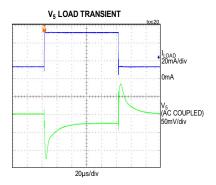


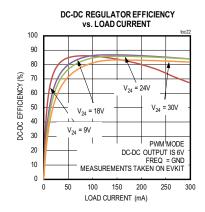
Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V₂₄ = 24V, V₅ = 5V, DC-DC regulator enabled, V_L = V₃₃, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted)

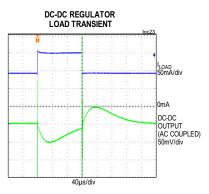






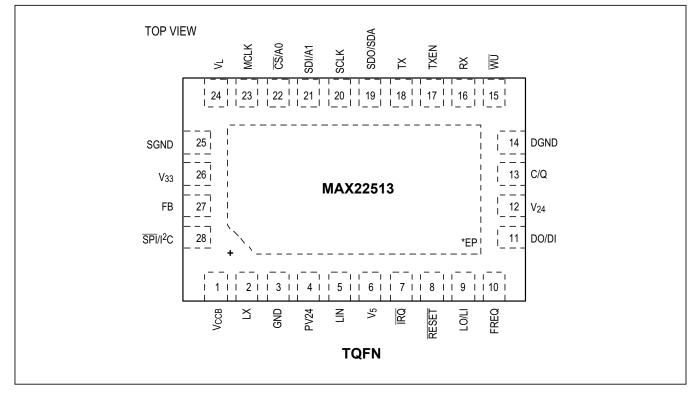
vs. LOAD CURRENT 100 PFM MODE 90 80 DC-DC EFFICIENCY (%) 70 PWM MODE 60 50 DCM MODE 40 30 FREQ = GND DC-DC OUTPUT IS 5V MCLK DISABLED MEASUREMENTS TAKEN WITH 7447779122 WURTH INDUCTOR 20 10 0 100 150 200 0 50 250 300 LOAD CURRENT (mA)

DC-DC REGULATOR EFFICIENCY



Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Pin Configurations



	OP VIEW T THE BOTTOM)		22513			
V V S	$\begin{array}{c} (A2) \\ (A2) \\ CCB \\ B1 \\ (B2) \\ (B2) \\ (B2) \\ (B2) \\ (B2) \\ (B2) \\ (C2) \\ (C2) \\ (C1) \\ (C2) \\ (C1) \\ (C2) \\ (C1) \\ (C2) \\ (C1) \\ (C1) \\ (C2) \\ (C1) $	$\begin{array}{c} PV24 \\ (A3) \\ UIN \\ (B3) \\ CSA0 \\ CSA0 \\ CSA0 \\ CSA0 \\ CSA0 \\ CA \\ $	RESET (A5) LO/LI (B5) 1 TX (C5)	$\begin{array}{c} FR(A6) \\ V_{24} \\ B6 \\ RX \\ C6 \\ TX \\ D6 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} DQ/DI \\ (A7) \\ V_24 \\ (B7) \\ CQ \\ (C7) \\ WD \\ (D7) \\ WD \\ ($	$\begin{array}{c} DQ/DI \\ (A8) \\ V_{24} \\ (B8) \\ CI \\ (C8) \\ DG(ND \\ (D8) \\ DG(ND \\ (D8) \\$
		V	VLP			

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Pin Description

Р	IN								
TQFN	WLP	NAME	FUNCTION						
SUPPLY									
1	B1	V _{CCB}	Internal 5V Supply Regulator Output. Bypass V _{CCB} to GND with a 1 μ F capacitor as close to the device as possible. V _{CCB} can supply an external load up to 5mA.						
3	A2	GND	Ground						
4	A3	PV24	Active Diode Output and DC-DC Input. Bypass PV24 with an external 1µF capacitor as close to the device as possible.						
5	В3	LIN	5V Linear Regulator Input. Connect LIN to the output of the DC-DC circuit, to the PV24 supply, or to an external supply between 6V and 36V. Bypass LIN to GND with a 1μ F capacitor. Connect LIN to V ₅ to disable the 5V linear regulator.						
6	A4	V ₅	$5V$ Linear Regulator Output/Supply Input. V_5 is the output of the internal 5V linear regulator. Bypass V_5 to GND with a 1µF capacitor as close to the device as possible. To disable the 5V linear regulator, connect LIN to V_5 .						
			5V is required on V_5 for normal operation. If the 5V regulator is disabled, apply an external 5V power supply to V_5.						
12	B6, B7,	V ₂₄	Supply Voltage Input. Apply a 24V (typ) supply to V_{24} . Bypass V_{24} to GND with a 10nF capacitor as close to the device as possible.						
	B8		When using the WLP package, connect all V ₂₄ bumps together.						
14	D8	DGND	C/Q and DO/DI Driver IO-Link Ground. Connect DGND to the L-terminal of the IO-Link connector and to GND. See the <i>Layout and Grounding</i> section for more information.						
24	D2	VL	Logic Supply Input. Bypass V _L to GND with a 1 μ F capacitor as close to the device as possible. V _L sets the logic levels for all logic signals. Connect V _L to V ₃₃ , V ₅ , or to an external voltage between 2.5V and 5.5V.						
25	D1	SGND	Signal Ground. Connect SGND to GND. See the <i>Layout and Grounding</i> section for more information.						
26	C2	V ₃₃	3.3V Linear Regulator Output. Bypass V_{33} to GND with a 1 μ F capacitor as close to the device as possible.						
EP	-	EP	Exposed Pad. Connect EP to GND.						
DC-DC RE	GULATOR								
2	A1	LX	Switching Output of the Integrated DC-DC Converter. Connect an inductor between LX and the output capacitor to generate a voltage with the DC-DC circuit. See the <u>Integrated DC-DC</u> <u>Regulator</u> section for more information.						
10	A6	FREQ	DC-DC Buck Regulator Frequency Select Input. Connect FREQ to GND to operate the DC-DC regulator at a switching frequency of 921kHz (typ). Connect FREQ to V_{CCB} to operate the regulator at a switching frequency of 1.229MHz (typ).						
27	C1	FB	DC-DC Buck Regulator Feedback Input. Connect FB to the tap of a resistor divider between the output of the DC-DC and GND. See <u>Table 1</u> for recommended component values to set the DC-DC output between 2.5V and 12V.						
	Connect FB to V _{CCB} if the DC-DC is not used.								

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Pin Description (continued)

Р	IN			
TQFN	WLP	NAME	FUNCTION	
24V LINE I	NTERFACE			
11	11 A7, A8 D		DO Auxiliary Driver Output/DI Auxiliary Digital Input. Use the register bits to select between digital output (DO) and digital input (DI) functionality for DO/DI. The DO/DI driver is disabled at started.	
			When using the WLP package, only one of the DO/DI bumps need to be soldered. However, Maxim recommends connecting both bumps whenever possible.	
40	07.00	0/0	IO-Link Transceiver Input/Output. The C/Q driver is disabled at startup. Set CQ_EN = 1 and TXEN = high to enable the C/Q driver.	
13	C7, C8	C/Q	When using the WLP package, only one of the C/Q bumps needs to be connected. However, Maxim recommends connecting both C/Q bumps whenever possible.	
CONTROL	INTERFAC	E		
7	B4	ĪRQ	Active-Low Open-Drain Interrupt Request Output. IRQ asserts low when a bit is set in the INTERRUPT register. See the <i>Register Map</i> section for more information.	
				Dual Function Active-Low Reset Input and Open-Drain Power-OK (POK) Output. Drive RESET low to set the MAX22513 in reset mode. The C/Q and DO/DI outputs are disabled and all registers are reset to default values when RESET is driven low.
8	A5	RESET	The MAX22513 asserts $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low when any of the V ₂₄ , V ₅ , or DC-DC output voltages are below their respective undervoltage lockout (UVLO) thresholds. Only V ₅ is monitored when the DC-DC regulator is disabled.	
			The MAX22513 deasserts RESET 4ms (typ) after the power supplies rise above their UVLO thresholds.	
			Connect RESET to V_{CCB} or V_L with a 10k Ω (typ) resistor for normal operation.	
9	В5	LO/LI	DO/DI Driver Logic Input/Receiver Logic Output. LO/LI is an output by default (DO_EN = 0 in the DOCONFIG register). In this configuration, LO/LI is inverted relative to the logic state of the DO/DI input.	
9	60	LU/LI	LO/LI is configured as an input when the DO/DI driver is enabled (DO_EN = 1 in the DOCONFIG register). In this configuration, DO/DI driver is inverted relative to the LO/LI logic state.	
15	D7	WU	IO-Link Wake-Up Request Output. \overline{WU} asserts low for 200µs (typ) when a valid IO-Link wake-up pulse is detected on the C/Q line.	
19	D5	SDO/SDA	Serial Data Output/Serial Data I/O. In SPI mode, SDO/SDA is the serial data output (MISO). SDO/SDA is high impedance when \overline{CS} /A0 is high.	
			In I ² C mode, SDO/SDA operates as the serial data I/O line.	
20	D4	SCLK	Serial Clock Input.	
21	C4	SDI/A1	Serial Data Input/Address Select Input 1. In SPI mode, SDI/A1 operates as the serial data input (MOSI).	
			In I ² C mode, connect SDA/A1 high or low to set the I ² C slave address for the device.	

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Pin Description (continued)

Р	IN	NAME	FUNCTION
TQFN	WLP	NAME	FUNCTION
22	C3	CS/A0	SPI Chip-Select Input/I ² C Address Input 0. In SPI mode, drive \overline{CS} /A0 low to start a read/ write cycle. The cycle ends when \overline{CS} /A0 is driven high.
			In I ² C mode, drive \overline{CS} /A0 high or low to set the I ² C slave address.
28	B2	SPI/I ² C	\overline{SPI} or I ² C Control Interface Selection Input. Connect \overline{SPI} /I ² C low for SPI operation. Connect \overline{SPI} /I ² C high for I ² C operation.
UART INTI	ERFACE		
16	C6	RX	C/Q Receiver Logic Output. RX is inverted relative to the logic state of C/Q by default. Set the INVCQ bit in the CQCONFIG register to set RX to the same logic state as C/Q. Connect RX to the RX input of the UART for IO-Link communication.
17	D6	TXEN	C/Q Driver Enable Logic Input. Drive TXEN high and set the CQ_EN bit in the CONTROL register to enable the C/Q driver. Drive TXEN low to disable the C/Q driver. Connect TXEN to the RTS output of a microcontroller for IO-Link communication.
18	C5	ТХ	C/Q Driver Logic Input. TX is inverted relative to the logic state of C/Q by default. Set the INVCQ bit in the CQCONTROL register to set TX to the same logic state as C/Q. Connect TX to the TX output of the UART for IO-Link communication.
CLOCK OI	JTPUT		
23	D3	MCLK	Microcontroller Clock Output. Set the MCLK frequency by setting the CLKDIV bits in the CLKCONFIG register. The frequency of the MCLK signal can be trimmed by setting the CKTRIM bits in the CKTRIM register. Connect MCLK to an external microcontroller for comparison and trimming. The MCLK frequency is 3.686MHz by default but can be disabled or programmed to 14.74MHz, 7.37MHz, or 1.843MHz.

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

PV24 LIN VCCB LX FB FREQ VL V33 V5 INTEGRATED 3.3V 5V DC-DC -V24 PROTECTION RESET REGULATOR REGULATOR -GND REGULATOR 5V LDO DIVIDER MCLK о-— V5 SPI/I²C V5 П 3V ĪRQ 14.74MHz CS/A0 OSCILLATOR SPI/I²C SCLK -MAX22513 REGISTERS SDI/A1 SDO/SDA C/Q INTEGRATED TXEN C/Q TRANSCEIVER PROTECTION ТΧ RX DGND WAKE-UP WU DETECT DO_EN · INTEGRATED LO/LI -DO/DI PROTECTION DO_EN SGND GND

Functional Diagrams

Detailed Description

The MAX22513 industrial sensor output driver/IO-Link device transceiver integrates the high voltage functionality commonly found in sensors, including two 24V line drivers (C/Q and DO/DI), an integrated DC-DC buck regulator, 5V and 3.3V linear regulators, and a digital input (DO/DI). The MAX22513 can be configured and monitored with either an SPI or I²C serial bus.

24V Interface (C/Q and DO/DI)

Overcurrent Limiting

The C/Q and DO/DI drivers feature a programmable current limit. Select the current limit for both drivers by setting the CL[1:0] bits in the CURRLIM register. Current limit thresholds can be set to 50mA (min), 100mA (min), 200mA (min), or 250mA (min). When the load attempts to draw more current than the current limit threshold setting, the C/Q and DO/DI driver actively limits the load current so a higher load current does not flow.

Continuous Current Limiting with Blanking Time

A programmable current limit blanking time allows the device to drive large capacitive or incandescent lamp loads without triggering a current limit fault. Select the blanking time by setting the CL_BL[1:0] bits in the CURRLIM register. Set the CL_BL[1:0] bits for a 128µs, 500µs, 1ms, or 5ms blanking time.

When the C/Q or DO/DI driver current exceeds the programmed current limit threshold for longer than the programmed blanking time, the associated driver fault bit (CQFAULTINT and/or DOFAULTINT) bit in the INTERRUPT register is set. If the interrupt is not masked, the IRQ output also asserts. If autoretry is enabled, the driver in overcurrent is disabled following the blanking time.

If autoretry is not enabled, the driver in overcurrent is not disabled after the blanking time. In this configuration, the CQFAULT and/or DOFAULT bit in the STATUS register are set and the drivers continue to operate until either the fault condition is removed or the driver in overcurrent enters thermal shutdown.

Autoretry

The MAX22513 features an autoretry function for applications where an overload condition might not be sustainable, or where power dissipation needs to be controlled. Set the AUTORETRYEN bit in the CURRLIM register to enable autoretry functionality. When autoretry is enabled, the MAX22513 automatically disables the driver after the current limit threshold has been exceeded for the selected blanking time. The driver is disabled for

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

the programmed fixed off-time, and is then automatically reenabled. If the overcurrent condition is still present, the driver remains on for the blanking time and is then redisabled. The autoretry cycle continues until the overcurrent condition is removed.

Select the blanking time and fixed off-time by setting the CL_BL[1:0] bits and the TSHOFF[1:0] bits, respectively, in the CURRLIM register.

When charging large capacitive loads or incandescent lamps, ensure that the selected autoretry blanking time is long enough to charge the required load before the driver is disabled.

C/Q and DO/DI Driver Thermal Shutdown

The C/Q and DO/DI drivers are each independently disabled when the driver junction temperature exceeds the +150°C (typ) driver thermal shutdown temperature. The associated driver fault bits (CQFAULTINT and/ or DOFAULTINT, CQFAULT and/or DOFAULT) in the INTERRUPT and STATUS registers are set. If the fault is not masked (CQFAULTM = 0 or DOFAULTM = 0 in the IRQMASK register), the IRQ is asserted after the programmed blanking time. Set the CL_BL[1:0] bits in the CURRLIM register to select the blanking time.

If autoretry is disabled, the driver is automatically reenabled when the driver junction temperature falls below $142^{\circ}C$ (typ). If autorety is enabled (AUTORETRYEN = 1), the MAX22513 waits for the autoretry delay and reenables the driver.

Undervoltage Lockout Threshold (UVLO)

The C/Q and DO/DI drivers are turned off (high impedance) when any supply (V_{24} , V_5 , or V_L) falls below its respective undervoltage lockout (UVLO) threshold.

If the registers were reset during the UVLO event, reenable the drivers when all supplies are above their UVLO thresholds.

Receiver Threshold

Although the IO-Link standard defines device/sensor operation for a supply ranging between 18V to 30V, industrial sensors in the field commonly operate with supply voltages as low as 9V. The MAX22513 operates with a supply voltage between 8V and 36V. When the V₂₄ supply voltage is above 18V, the C/Q receiver on the MAX22513 supports the standard IO-Link receiver thresholds. When V₂₄ is less than 18V, the MAX22513 scales the C/Q receiver thresholds, allowing receiver functionality down to the lowest supply voltage.

Wake-Up Detection

The IO-Link standard defines a wake-up condition as a combination of a current and a voltage event on the C/Q line when the driver is enabled in PNP, NPN, or push-pull mode. A wake-up event occurs when an IO-Link master forces a level on the C/Q line that is opposite to the set level of the C/Q driver level for 80µs (typ).

Wake-up detection on the MAX22513 is enabled by default. When a valid wake-up event is detected, the MAX22513 asserts the \overline{WU} output for 200µs (typ). The WUINT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set and \overline{IRQ} asserts if the wake-up interrupt is not masked (WUM = 0 in the IRQMASK register).

The MAX22513 automatically ignores false wake-up events that can sometimes occur as a consequence of driving large capacitive or lamp loads where the time constant of charge-up is in the range of about 80µs. No wake-up event is detected for the duration of the programmed blanking time after the C/Q driver changes logic state.

To disable wake-up detection, set the WUDIS bit in the CONTROL register.

V_{CCB} Output

The V_{CCB} output can supply an external supply current up to 5mA. V_{CCB} is the output of an internal regulator powered by V₂₄ or V₅. V_{CCB} is powered by V₂₄ until the V₅ voltage exceeds 3V. After which, V_{CCB} is powered by V₅. As V₅ is rising, V_{CCB} can drop below 5V until V₅ reaches its steady-state (5V).

RESET Input/Power OK (POK) Output

The RESET pin is a dual function open-drain logic input/ output, functioning as a reset input and a power-OK (POK) output. Drive RESET low to put the MAX22513 in reset mode. The C/Q and DO/DI drivers are disabled and the registers are reset to their default state when RESET is driven low. Serial bus communication (SPI or I²C) is available while RESET is low. If DC-DC is disabled in the registers (BUCKDIS = 1), the device deasserts RESET 4ms (typ) after RESET is released and all power supplies are valid. If the DC-DC is enabled, RESET deasserts immediately after being released.

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

The MAX22513 asserts $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low when the V₂₄ or V₅ voltage falls below their respective UVLO thresholds, or when the DC-DC output voltage falls below 95% of the set voltage (typ). $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ also asserts when the device enters thermal shutdown. The C/Q and DO/DI drivers are disabled and the registers are reset to their default state when $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is low.

Connect a pullup resistor between $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$ and V_L or V_{CCB} for normal operation. Connect $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$ to the reset input of a microcontroller to use it as a reset signal.

Protection

Reverse Polarity Protection

The MAX22513 is internally protected against reverse polarity miswiring on the C/Q, DO/DI, V₂₄ and GND pins. Any combination of these four pins can be connected to a voltage in the range of -36V to +36V. Shorts to these voltages results in a current flow of less than 500 μ A. Note that the maximum voltage between any pins cannot exceed *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

High Temperature Warning

When the junction temperature of the die rises above the thermal warning threshold of 147° C, the THERMWINT bit in the INTERRUPT register and the TEMPW bit in the STATUS register are set. If not masked (THERMWM = 0), the IRQ output also asserts low. The MAX22513 continues to operate normally as long as the die temperature does not exceed the thermal shutdown threshold (+170°C, typ).

Thermal Shutdown

The MAX22513 enters thermal shutdown when the average die temperature exceeds the +170°C (typ) thermal shutdown threshold. The C/Q and DO/DI drivers and the internal regulators (including the DC-DC and linear regulators) are disabled when the device is in thermal shutdown. RESET asserts during thermal shutdown and the serial interface is disabled if an external 5V is applied to V₅ during thermal shutdown, the serial control interface remains operational.

When the average die temperature falls below the 153°C (typ) thermal shutdown hysteresis, all registers are reset and must be programmed when the serial interface becomes active after the device exits thermal shutdown.

POR and Register Corruption Check

The MAX22513 performs an on-going check of all register bits. A register is corrupted when the value is changed by an external event (for example, an ESD discharge, etc). When a corrupt register bit is detected, the CORR_REG bit in the STATUS register is set, the NOTREADY bit in the INTERRUPT register is set, and the MAX22513 asserts the IRQ output. The C/Q and DO/DI drivers are disabled when the NOTREADY bit is set.

The microcontroller must rewrite correct values to all of the registers after the CORR_REG bit has been set. The CORR_REG bit is automatically cleared when the serial interface control registers have been rewritten to their preevent cycle values. Once the CORR_REG bit is cleared, read the INTERRUPT register to clear the NOTREADY bit and deassert IRQ.

Integrated DC-DC Regulator

Overview

The MAX22513 features an integrated high-efficiency synchronous DC-DC buck regulator with active diode reverse protection, current overload protection, softstart, a selectable switching frequency, spread spectrum operation, and an adjustable output voltage. The regulator operates in pulse-width modulation (PWM) mode, pulse frequency modulation (PFM) mode, or discontinuous conduction mode (DCM) during normal operation. Select the operating mode by setting the BUCKDCM or BUCKPFM mode bits in the MODE register. The regulator is enabled by default, but can be disabled through the serial interface.

The DC-DC regulator is supplied from the PV24 voltage to protect against supply inversion. Bypass PV24 to GND with a 1μ F capacitor to ensure proper operation for the DC-DC.

Startup and Soft-Start

The MAX22513 DC-DC buck regulator features soft-start to slowly raise the output voltage when the device is powered up.

When the V_{24} voltage exceeds the 7.6V (typ) UVLO threshold, the DC-DC regulator is turned on, operating in DCM

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

mode. The DCM mode allows the DC-DC output to softstart whether the output voltage is unpowered or prebiased.

Internal circuitry slowly ramps the output voltage to 95% of the set voltage within 2.22ms (typ) of the V_{24} voltage exceeding the UVLO threshold, ending the soft-start sequence. Once soft-start has ended, the regulator switches from DCM mode to the selected mode for normal operation. By default, normal operation is PWM mode. Set the BUCKPFM and/or the BUCKDCM bits in the MODE register to select another operating mode of the DC-DC regulator.

Maximum DC-DC Output Current

The MAX22513 integrated DC-DC buck regulator can drive loads up to 300mA (typ).

The internal reverse-protection active diode between V₂₄ and PV24 has a 200mA average current capability to supply the DC-DC input. Under certain conditions, the internal active diode between the V₂₄ supply and PV24 can reduce the efficiency or reduce the maximum load current. If load currents are such that the current through the active diode exceeds 200mA, connect a Schottky diode between V₂₄ and PV24 to bypass the internal active diode. When a Schottky diode is used, a TVS or varistor on V₂₄ might be necessary to survive hot-plug events.

Setting up the DC-DC Regulator

Selecting the Mode of Operation

The MAX22513 features selectable switching modes for the integrated DC-DC regulator during normal operation. Available modes are pulse-width modulation (PWM), pulse frequency modulation (PFM), or discontinuous conduction mode (DCM). Set the BUCKDCM and BUCKPFM bits in the MODE register to select the normal operating mode.

Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)

A PWM DC-DC regulator switches at a fixed frequency, adjusting the duty cycle of the pulses depending on the output power requirements. The maximum duty cycle on the DC-DC regulator is near 100%. Switching noise is easily filtered in PWM mode.

The MAX22513 DC-DC regulator operates in PWM mode by default (BUCKDCM = 0 and BUCKPFM = 0 in the MODE register).

Pulse Frequeny Modulation (PFM)

In PFM mode, the DC-DC converter switches LX with a peak current set to be at least 200mA. LX stops switching when the output voltage exceeds 103% of set value and starts switching again when the DC-DC output voltage drops to 101% the set value.

Because the switching frequency changes in this mode, switching noise is more difficult to filter in PFM mode, typically resulting in a higher ripple on the output. PFM mode has the highest efficiency when driving low loads.

Set BUCKPFM = 1 and BUCKDCM = 0 in the MODE register to enable PFM mode on the DC-DC regulator.

Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM)

In DCM mode, the inductor current of the DC-DC regulator can reach zero for a short period during each switching cycle. In this mode, the output voltage is dependent on the input voltage, the inductance in the DC-DC regulator, the switching frequency, and the load. Use DCM mode for low output ripple and high efficiency under light load conditions.

The MAX22513 DC-DC regulator operates in DCM mode during soft-start. Set BUCKDCM = 1 in the MODE register (the BUCKPFM bit is ignored, in this case) to enable DCM functionality for normal operation.

Enabling/Disabling the DC-DC

The integrated DC-DC buck regulator on the MAX22513 is enabled by default, but can be disabled through the serial interface. Set the BUCKDIS bit in the MODE register to disable the DC-DC.

If the DC-DC regulator is not used, leave the LX unconnected and connect FB to $\mathsf{V}_{CCB}.$

Setting the DC-DC Switching Frequency

The integrated DC-DC buck regulator operates with a fixed frequency during normal operation. The switching frequency is selectable by connecting the FREQ input high or low. Connect FREQ to GND to select a switching frequency of 921kHz (typ). Connect FREQ to V_{CCB} to select a 1.229MHz (typ) switching frequency.

Component Selection

Inductor Selection

A low-loss inductor having the lowest possible DC resistance that fits in the allotted dimensions should be selected. The saturation current (I_{SAT}) must be high enough to ensure that saturation cannot occur below the 860mA maximum current-limit value. Under lower load conditions, smaller inductors can be used.

Output Capacitor

Small ceramic X7R-grade capacitors are sufficient and recommended to be used with the MAX22513 DC-DC regulator. The output capacitor has two functions: (1) it filters the square wave generated by the device along with the output inductor, and (2) it stabilizes the device's internal control loop. Capacitor selection depends on the operating conditions and the value of R_H , and can affect the stability of the DC-DC regulator.

Adjusting the Output Voltage

The output voltage of the DC-DC regulator can be programmed from 2.5V to 12V. Set the output voltage by connecting a resistor divider from the the output to FB to GND (see the *Typical Application Circuits*).

Calculate the output voltage using the following equation:

$$R_{H} = R_{L} \times (V_{OUT} / 0.9 - 1)$$

Ensure that R_H || R_L ≤ 66k Ω and use 1% resistors for best accuracy.

The R_H resistor controls the load regulation on the load step and can also affect the value of the output capacitor to ensure stability of the DC-DC regulator.

Typical External Components

<u>Table 1</u> shows the recommended component values for the DC-DC buck regulator for a wide range of typical operating conditions. Recommended values in the table are designed for < $\pm 3\%$ load regulation on a 50% load current step and with minimum inductance. A $\pm 30\%$ tolerance on inductance and a $\pm 20\%$ tolerance on capacitance is expected due to C-V dependence. Note that the recommended standard capacitance shown in the table is a standard value and includes typical tolerance and voltage derating. For other configurations than shown in Table 1, please contact customer support.

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		V ₂₄	(V)	MAXIMUM		MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	RECOMMENDED		
FREQ	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	MIN	MAX	OUTPUT CURRENT (mA)	L (µH)	OUTPUT CAPACITANCE (µF)	OUTPUT CAPACITANCE (µF)	STANDARD OUTPUT CAPACITOR (µF)	R _H (kΩ)	R _L (kΩ)
	2.5	8	36	300	12	19.2	42.0	27	128	73.2
	3.0	8	36	300	12	9.1	49.0	12	154	66.5
	3.3	8	36	300	15	11.7	23.2	15	169	63.4
	5	8	36	300	22	5.2	18.0	6.8	261	56.2
	6	8	36	300	22	4.1	15.6	5.6	309	54.9
LOW	7	8	36	260	27	2.7	12.0	3.9	422	61.9
	8	10	36	230	27	1.7	9.8	2.2	549	69.8
	9	12	36	200	33	1.2	8.3	1.8	665	73.2
	10	12	36	180	33	1.0	7.6	1.5	750	73.2
	11	12	36	160	33	0.8	7.0	1.2	825	73.2
	12	14	36	150	39	0.7	6.6	1	887	71.5
	3.3	8	36	300	10	11.5	23.7	15	169	63.4
	5	8	36	300	15	5.4	17.7	6.8	261	56.2
	6	8	36	300	18	4.4	15.3	5.6	309	54.9
	7	8	36	260	22	2.9	11.7	3.9	422	61.9
HIGH	8	10	36	230	22	1.8	9.5	2.7	549	69.8
	9	12	36	200	22	1.3	8.2	1.8	665	73.2
	10	12	36	180	27	1.1	7.4	1.5	750	73.2
	11	12	36	160	27	0.9	6.8	1.2	825	73.2
	12	14	36	150	27	0.8	6.5	1.2	887	71.5

Table 1. Recommended DC-DC Component Values

DC-DC Spread-Spectrum

The DC-DC regulator uses an internal clock that is synchronized with the main on-board oscillator used to generate other signals and timing. To reduce EMC emission peaks and/or reduce interference between the DC-DC switching circuitry and analog circuitry, the MAX22513 features a selectable spread-spectrum functionality for the DC-DC clock. When enabled, the DC-DC clock is randomly changed with a maximum frequency deviation of $\pm 10\%$ (typ).

By default, DC-DC spread spectrum is disabled. Set the BUCKSS bit in the MODE register to enable spread spectrum for the DC-DC.

DC-DC Protection and Diagnostics

DC-DC Overcurrent and Runaway Protection

The DC-DC regulator includes integrated circuitry to protect the regulator during a current overload condition to avoid runaway. When the high-side current exceeds the 600mA (typ) high-side peak current limit (I_{DC}_{HSlim}), the high-side switch is disabled.

Low-side current protection is available. When the low-side current exceeds the 300mA (typ) low-side current limit threshold (I_{DC_LSmax}), the low-side switch is turned off and LX is unconnected until the next clock cycle and switching begins again.

Hiccup (Autoretry) Mode

The DC-DC regulator features an autoretry sequence (hiccup mode) to protect against fault conditions on the output.

After soft-start, if the output voltage of the DC-DC regulator falls below 64% (typ) of the set threshold, the regulator is disabled for 22ms (typ) and the BUCKFAULT bit in the STATUS2 register is set. Following the autoretry period, the DC-DC is restarted with soft-start.

If the fault on the output persists, the DC-DC is disabled and the autoretry sequence begins again. If the output voltage rises to 95% (typ) of the expected voltage, the DC-DC exits hiccup mode and operates normally.

DC-DC Power Diagnostics

The BUCKFAULT and BUCKOK bits in the STATUS2 register indicate the state of the DC-DC output. Use these bits to monitor the regulator during operation.

BUCKOK is set when the output voltage is above 95% (typ) of the set voltage and the regulator is operating normally. When the DC-DC output voltage falls below 95% (typ) of the set voltage, RESET asserts and the BUCKOK bit is 0.

BUCKFAULT is set when regulator is in a fault condition. Fault conditions include current overload, when the output voltage falls below 64% (typ) of the set threshold, or when the regulator is operating in hiccup mode. BUCKFAULT is cleared automatically when the regulator returns to normal operation.

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SPI or I²C Controller Interface

Selecting the Controller Interface: SPI or I²C

The MAX22513 diagnostics and configuration registers are accessible through a serial interface. The MAX22513 supports both either SPI or I²C communication. All control and diagnostic registers are available in both SPI and I²C. Drive \overline{SPI}/I^2C low to use the SPI control interface. Drive the \overline{SPI}/I^2C input high to use the I²C control interface.

SPI Interface

The MAX22513 supports full- and half-duplex SPI communication at speeds up to 12MHz. At power-up, the SPI interface is configured for full-duplex communication. Set the SPIHDX bit in the MODE register to enable half-duplex SPI communication.

The master must generate clock and data signals in SPI MODE0 (clock polarity CPOL = 0 and clock phase CPHA = 0) to communicate with the MAX22513 in SPI mode. The SPI interface is not available when V₅ falls below 4.25V or when V_L is below 2.5V.

SPI Full-Duplex

SPI communication with the MAX22513 is full-duplex by default. Connect SCLK to the clock output of the microcontroller, $\overline{CS}/A0$ to the SS pin (or to a GPO), SDI/ A1 to the MOSI output, and SDO/SDA to the MISO input in this mode. Figure 7 shows a single-cycle SPI write command and Figure 8 shows a single-cycle SPI read command in full-duplex mode.

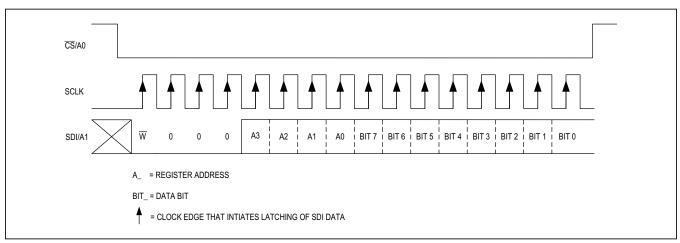


Figure 8. SPI Byte Write

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Half-Duplex SPI Communication

Set the SPIHDX bit in the MODE register to enable halfduplex SPI communication. In this configuration, connect SDI/A1 to ground. Ensure that the SPI master supports half-duplex SPI. This commonly entails using open-drain outputs on MOSI.

A SPI half-duplex write byte command is the same as a full-duplex write command (Figure 8). In a read command, the master sends the read command and register address on the SDO/SDA line. The master then sends another 8 clock signals and reads the register information on the SDO/SDA line. Figure 10 shows a half-duplex read command.

I²C Interface

The MAX22513 includes an I²C-compatible interface for data communication with a host processor (SCLK and SDO/SDA). The interface supports Fast Mode Plus with a clock frequency up to 1MHz. SCLK and SDO/SDA require pullup resistors to V_L or V_{CCB} for I²C communication.

The MAX22513 supports both burst and single-byte read and write functionality.

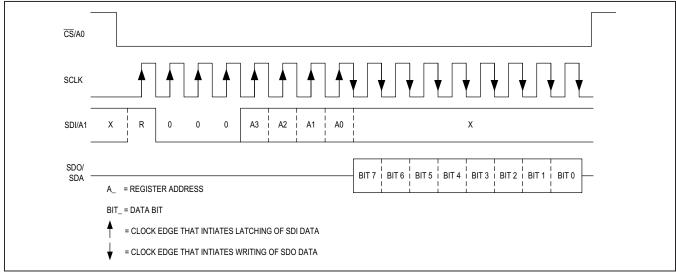


Figure 9. SPI Byte Read

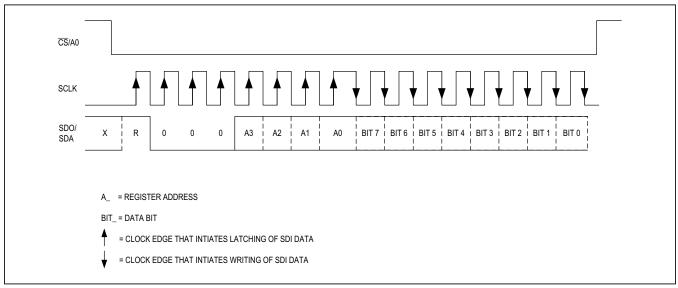


Figure 10. Half-Duplex SPI Byte Read

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I²C Slave Address

The MAX22513 features two pins: SDI/A1 and \overline{CS} /A0 to set the 7-bit slave address for I²C communication. The first 5 bits (MSBs) of the slave address are factory-programmed and always 01101. Connect SDI/A1 and \overline{CS} /A0 to ground or V_L to set the I²C slave address (Table 2). The address is defined as the 7 MSBs followed by the read/write bit. Set the read/write bit to 1 to configure the MAX22513 to read mode. Set the read/write bit to 0 to configure the device for write mode. The address is the first byte of information sent to the device after the START condition.

I²C Byte Write

With this operation the master sends an address and 1 or 2 data bytes to the slave device (Figure 11). The write byte procedure is as follows:

- 1) The master sends a START condition.
- 2) The master sends the 7-bit slave ID plus a write bit (low).
- 3) The addressed slave asserts an ACK on the data line.
- 4) The master sends the 8-bit register address.
- 5) The active slave asserts an ACK on the data line only if the address is valid (NACK if not).
- 6) The master sends the 8-bit data byte.
- 7) The slave asserts an ACK on the data line.
- 8) The master generates a STOP condition.

SDI/A1	CS/A0	READ/WRITE	I ² C ADDRESS
0	0	W	0x68
0	0	R	0x69
0	4	W	0x6A
U	1	R	0x6B
4	0	W	0x6C
I	0	R	0x6D
1	1	W	0x6E
		R	0x6F

Table 2. I²C Address Map

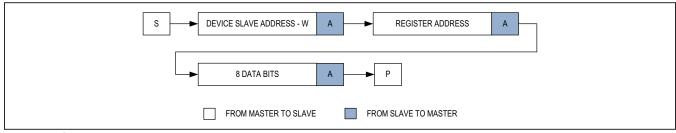


Figure 11. I²C Byte Write

I²C Byte Read

With this operation the master sends an address and receives 1 or 2 data bytes from the slave device (Figure 12). The read byte procedure is as follows:

- 1) The master sends a START condition.
- 2) The master sends the 7-bit slave ID plus a write bit (low).
- 3) The addressed slave asserts an ACK on the data line.
- 4) The master sends the 8-bit register address.
- 5) The active slave asserts an ACK on the data line only if the address is valid (NACK if not).
- 6) The master sends a repeated START (Sr).
- 7) The master sends the 7-bit slave ID plus a read bit (high).
- 8) The slave asserts an ACK on the data line.

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- 9) The slave sends 8 data bits.
- 10) The master asserts a NACK on the data line.
- 11) The master generates a STOP condition.

SDA Stuck Protection

A stuck bus occurs in I²C communication when a slave receives some communication, but does not receive a stop (P) or repeated start (Sr) that signals to the slave to release the bus. When this happens, the data line (SDO/SDA) is held low by the slave and no further communication can occur on the bus until it is released. The MAX22513 features an internal timer that monitors the SDO/SDA data line to protect against this situation. If SDO/SDA is held low for more than 1.1ms (typ), the MAX22513 releases the SDO/SDA line high, resuming normal communication. This bus protection limits the minimum I²C clock frequency to 10kHz.

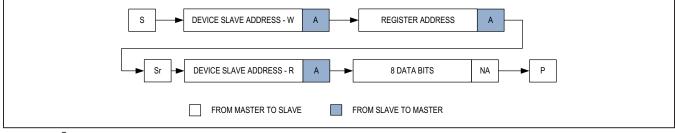


Figure 12. I²C Byte Read

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Register Map

ADDRESS	NAME	TYPE	POR (DEFAULT)	7 (MSB)	6	5	4	3	2	1	0 (LSB)	
0x00	INTERRUPT[7:0]	COR	80h	NOTREADY	WUINT	DOFAULTINT	CQFAULTINT	V24WINT	UV24INT	_	THERMWINT	
0x01	IRQMASK[7:0]	RW	00h	-	WUM	DOFAULTM	CQFAULTM	V24WM	UV24M	_	THERMWM	
0x02	STATUS[7:0]	R	00h	CQLVL	DILVL	DOFAULT	CQFAULT	V24WARN	UV24	_	TEMPW	
0x03	STATUS2[7:0]	MIXED	01h	CORR_REG	-	-	-	-	-	BUCKFAULT	BUCKOK	
0x04	MODE[7:0]	RW	00h	RST	SPIHDX	CQDOPAR	DO_AV	BUCKDCM	BUCKPFM	BUCKSS	BUCKDIS	
0x05	CURRLIM[7:0]	RW	00h	CL[1:0)]	CLDIS	CL_BL	[1:0]	TAR[1:0]		AUTO RETRYEN	
0x06	CONTROL[7:0]	RW	00h	LDO33DIS	WUDIS	DIDIS	DIFILTER	RXDIS	RXFILTER	DO_Q	CQ_Q	
0x07	CQCONFIG[7:0]	RW	00h	CQLOSLE	N[1:0]	CQ_PD	CQ_PU	CQ_NPN	CQ_PP	INVCQ	CQ_EN	
0x08	DOCONFIG[7:0]	RW	00h	DOLOSLE	N[1:0]	DO_PD	DO_PU	DO_NPN	DO_PP	INVDO	DO_EN	
0x09	CLKCONFIG[7:0]	RW	00h	ENCLKTRIM	-	-	-	-	CLKE	CLKDIV[1:0] N		
0x0A	CKTRIM[7:0]	RW	00h	-	– CKTRIM[5:0]					·		
0x0C	CHIPID[7:0]	R	12h		CHIPID[7:0]							

"--" = Unused and reserved for future use

R = Read only.

RW = Read and Write

COR = Clear on Read

MIXED = Some bits are Write and Clear; others are Read and Write. See bit descriptions for details.

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Register Details

INTERRUPT (0x00)

The IRQ output asserts when any of the bits in the INTERRUPT register are set and the interrupt is not masked. Read the INTERRUPT register to clear the bits and deassert IRQ, once the fault condition has been removed.

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	NOTREADY	WUINT	DOFAULTINT	CQFAULTINT	V24WINT	UV24INT	—	THERMWINT
Reset	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Access	Clear on	Clear on	Clear on	Clear on	Clear on	Clear on	Clear on	Clear on
Туре	Read	Read	Read	Read	Read	Read	Read	Read

BITFIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION
NOTREADY	7	 0 = The MAX22513 is operating normally 1 = Any of the following conditions has occurred since the last INTERRUPT register read: The V₅ supply voltage dropped below its UVLO and the registers were reset. A power-up occurred and the registers have been reset. At least one register has been corrupted due to an external event (not POR). The NOTREADY interrupt cannot be masked.
WUINT	6	0 = No wake-up condition has been detected. 1 = An IO-Link wake-up condition has been detected on the C/Q line since the last INTERRUPT register read.
DOFAULTINT	5	0 = DO/DI driver operating normally 1 = Overcurrent/overload condition or driver thermal shutdown has occurred on DO/DI driver since last INTERRUPT register read.
CQFAULTINT	4	0 = C/Q driver operating normally. 1 = Overcurrent/overload condition or driver thermal shutdown has occurred on the C/Q driver since the last INTERRUPT register read.
V24WINT	3	0 = V_{24} is above 16V (typ). 1 = V_{24} voltage has fallen below 16V (typ) since the last INTERRUPT register read.
UV24INT	2	0 = V_{24} is above the 7.6V (typ) undervoltage threshold (UVLO). 1 = The V_{24} voltage has fallen below the the 7.0V (typ) undervoltage threshold since the last INTERRUPT register read. Note that UV24INT is set only when the DC-DC is disabled (BUCKDIS = 1) and V_{24} is below the UVLO threshold. If BUCKDIS = 0 when V_{24} is below 7.0V (typ), RESET asserts and clears all registers.
THERMWINT	0	0 = The MAX22513 temperature has not risen above the warning temperature threshold. 1 = The MAX22513 temperature has risen above the warning temperature threshold since the last INTERRUPT register read.

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IRQMASK (0x01)

Set the bits in the IRQMASK register to ignore selected events or fault notifications. IRQ does not assert when any of the masked bits in the INTERRUPT register is set. Bits in the INTERRUPT register are not affected by the bits in the IRQMASK register, and are set when the associated event or fault notification occurs.

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	-	WUM	DOFAULTM	CQFAULTM	V24WM	UV24M	—	THERMWM
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Access Type	Read and Write							

BITFIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION
WUM	6	0 = \overline{IRQ} asserts when the WUINT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set. 1 = \overline{IRQ} does not assert when the WUINT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set.
DOFAULTM	5	0 = \overline{IRQ} asserts when the DOFAULT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set. 1 = \overline{IRQ} does not assert when the DOFAULT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set.
CQFAULTM	4	0 = IRQ asserts when the CQFAULT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set. 1 = IRQ does not assert when the CQFAULT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set.
V24WM	3	0 = \overline{IRQ} asserts when the V24WINT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set. 1 = \overline{IRQ} does not assert when the V24WINT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set.
UV24M	2	0 = \overline{IRQ} asserts when the UV24INT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set. 1 = \overline{IRQ} does not assert when the UV24INT bit in the INTERRUPT register is masked.
THERMWM	0	0 = \overline{IRQ} asserts when the THERMWINT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set. 1 = \overline{IRQ} does not assert when the THERMWINT bit in the INTERRUPT register is set.

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STATUS (0x02)

Bits in the STATUS register indicate the current status of the MAX22513. Bits in the STATUS register are set or cleared when an event occurs and are not cleared when the register is read.

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	CQLVL	DILVL	DOFAULT	CQFAULT	V24WARN	UV24	—	TEMPW
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Access Type	Read Only							

BITFIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION
CQLVL	7	0 = C/Q is high. 1 = C/Q is low.
DILVL	6	0 = DO/DI is high. 1 = DO/DI is low.
DOFAULT	5	0 = No fault on DO/DI driver. 1 = Overcurrent or thermal overload fault on DO/DI driver.
CQFAULT	4	0 = No fault on C/Q driver. 1 = Overcurrent or thermal overload fault on C/Q driver.
V24WARN	3	$0 = V_{24}$ is above the 16V (typ) warning threshold. 1 = V ₂₄ is below the 16V (typ) warning threshold.
UV24	2	0 = V_{24} is above the 7.6V (typ) rising undervoltage lockout (UVLO) threshold. 1 = V_{24} is below the 7.0V (typ) falling UVLO threshold.
TEMPW	0	 0 = The die temperature is below the 138°C (typ, falling) warning threshold temperature. 1 = The die temperature is above the 147°C (typ, rising) warning threshold temperature.

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STATUS2 (0x03)

Bits in the STATUS2 register indicate the current status of the MAX22513 registers and the DC-DC regulator operation. Bits in the STATUS2 register are set or cleared when an event occurs and are not cleared when the register is read.

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	CORR_ REG	-	-	-	-	_	BUCKFAULT	BUCKOK
Reset	0	_	_	-	-	-	0	1
Access Type	Read Only	_	_	-	-	-	Read Only	Read Only

BITFIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION
CORR_REG	7	0 = All register values are correct. 1 = Register values are corrupted. C/Q and DO/DI are disabled and RX and LO/LI are high impedance when CORR_REG = 1. V_{33} and DC-DC are also forced on and the signal at MCLK is enabled and switching at 3.686MHz.
BUCKFAULT	1	0 = DC-DC is operating normally. No fault conditions are present. 1 = Fault condition is present on the DC-DC regulator. Fault conditions include output overcurrent/overload, the output voltage falls below 70% of the set voltage, and when the regulator is in hiccup mode.
вискок	0	0 = DC-DC regulator is not ready or has a fault condition. 1 = DC-DC regulator is operating normally in the steady-state condition and is ready to be used. BUCKOK = 1 when BUCKDIS = 1.

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MODE (0x04)

BIT		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Field	R	ST	SPIHDX	CQDOPAR	DO_AV	BUCKDCM	BUCKPFM	BUCKSS	BUCKDIS	
Reset		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Access Type		e and ear*	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	
BITFIELD)	BITS	;			DESCRIPTI	ON			
RST		7	0	sters are not in Il registers to th		e. RST clears a	automatically.			
SPIHDX		6		0 = SPI communication is full-duplex. 1 = Enable half-duplex SPI communication. In half-duplex SPI, the SDO output is not used.						
CQDOPAR		5	1 = The [0 = The DO/DI driver operates independently of C/Q. 1 = The DO/DI driver tracks the C/Q driver. In this configuration, both DO/DI and C/Q switch as function of TX and/or the CQ_Q bit. CQDOPAR must be set when DO_AV = 1. 					Q switch as a	
DO_AV		4	1 = Antiva	alent operation	is enabled. C/0	. C/Q and DO/[Q and DO/DI di logic. CQDOP	rivers switch as	a function of t		
BUCKDCM		3	(BUCKPF	FM = 0) after so	oft-start is com	PFM mode (BU plete. See the E DCM mode afte	BUCKPFM bit s	setting.		
BUCKPFM		2	(BUCKD	0 = The DC-DC regulator operates in PWM mode (BUCKDCM = 0) or DCM mode (BUCKDCM = 1). 1 = The DC-DC regulator operates in PFM mode.						
BUCKSS		10 = Spread spectrum operation is not enabled on the DC-DC regulator.1 = Spread spectrum operation is enabled on the DC-DC regulator.								
BUCKDIS 0			1 = DC-D	0 = DC-DC regulator is enabled. 1 = DC-DC regulator is disabled. BUCKOK = 1 when BUCKDIS = 1.						

*"Write Only" executes and clears all bits in all MAX22513 Registers to their default values, and sets the RST bit back to 0 in the MODE Register.

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CURRLIM (0x05)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Field	CL[1:0]	CLDIS	CL_E	CL_BL[1:0]		[1:0]	AUTORETRYEN	
Reset	0	0	0	C	0	0	00		
Access Type	Read ar	nd Write	Read and Write	Read a	nd Write	Read ar	nd Write	Read and Write	
BITFIELD	BITS				DESCRIPTIC	ON			
CL	7:6	00 = 50mA (01 = 100mA 10 = 200mA	L[1:0] bits set the active current limit levels for the C/Q and DO/DI drivers when CLDIS = 0.) = 50mA (min) current limit I = 100mA (min) current limit) = 200mA (min) current limit = 250mA (min) current limit						
CLDIS	5		0 = C/Q and DO/DI driver current limits are enabled. Current limits are set by the CL[1:0] bits. 1 = C/Q and DO/DI driver current limits are disabled.						
CL_BL	4:3	CL_BL[1:0] s 00 = 128µs 01 = 500µs 10 = 1ms 11 = 5 ms	01 = 500µs 10 = 1ms						
TAR	2:1	The TAR[1:0] bits set the fixed off-time for the C/Q and DO/DI drivers after a fault has been generated and auto-retry functionality is enabled (AUTORRETRYEN = 1). The driver is automatically re-enabled after the fixed off-delay. 00 = 50ms 01 = 100ms 10 = 200ms 11 = 500ms							
AUTORETRYEN	TRYEN 0 = Autoretry is disabled on the C/Q and DO/DI drivers. 1 = Autoretry is enabled on the C/Q and DO/DI drivers. When a fault is signaled on the driver is disabled for the selected fixed off time and then automatically reenabled.					the driver, the			

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

CONTROL (0x06)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Field	LDO33DIS	WUDIS	DIDIS	DIFILTER	RXDIS	RXFILTER	DO_Q	CQ_Q	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Access Type	Read and Write						Read and Write	Read and Write	
BITFIELD	BITS				DESCRIPTIO	N			
LDO33DIS	7		$0 = V_{33}$ linear regulator is enabled. 1 = V_{33} linear regulator is disabled.						
WUDIS	6		0 = IO-Link wake-up detection is enabled. 1 = IO-Link wake-up detection is disabled.						
DIDIS	5	1 = DO/DI re	0 = DO/DI receiver is enabled. 1 = DO/DI receiver is disabled. LO/LI is low if DIDIS = 1. DO/DI input current is reduced when DIDIS = 1. DILVL = 0 when DIDIS = 1.						
DIFILTER	4			on the DO/DI or on the DO/DI					
RXDIS	3	1 = RX logic	0 = RX logic output is enabled. 1 = RX logic output is disabled. RX is high impedance. C/Q input current is reduced when RXDIS = 1. CQLVL = 0 when RXDIS = 1.						
RXFILTER	2	0 = The 1µs (typ) glitch filter on the C/Q receiver is disabled. 1 = The 1µs (typ) glitch filter on the C/Q receiver is enabled.							
DO_Q	1	Use the DO	Use the DO_Q bit to control the DO/DI driver output. See <u>Table 3</u> for more information.						
CQ_Q	0	Use the CQ	Q bit to contro	I the C/Q drive	r output. See T	able 4 for more	information.		

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

CQCONFIG (0x07)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Field	CQLOSL	.EW[1:0]	CQ_PD	CQ_PU	CQ_NPN	CQ_PP	INVCQ	CQ_EN	
Reset	00	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Access Type	Read an	nd Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	
BITFIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION							
CQLOSLEW	7:6	The CQLOS 00 = 250ns 01 = 500ns 10 = 1.25µs 11 = 5µs	01 = 500ns 10 = 1.25μs						
CQ_PD	5			oull-down curre oull-down curre					
CQ_PU	4			oull-up current s					
CQ_NPN	3			P mode (CQ_F N mode (CQ_F	, ,		- /		
CQ_PP	2		0 = The C/Q driver is in PNP mode (CQ_NPN = 0) or NPN mode (CQ_NPN = 1). 1 = The C/Q driver is in push-pull mode.						
INVCQ	1	-	0 = C/Q logic is inverted compared to TX and RX. 1 = C/Q logic is the same as TX and RX.						
CQ_EN	0		0 = C/Q driver is disabled. 1 = C/Q driver is enabled.						

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DOCONFIG (0x08)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
Field	DOLOSL	.EW[1:0]	DO_PD	DO_PU	DO_NPN	DO_PP	INVDO	DO_EN					
Reset	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Access Type	Read and Write		Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write	Read and Write					
BITFIELD	BITS				DESCRIPTIO	N							
DOLOSLEW	7:6	The DOLOS 00 = 250ns 01 = 500ns 10 = 1.25µs 11 = 5µs	01 = 500ns 10 = 1.25µs										
DO_PD	5			oulldown currer oulldown currer									
DO_PU	4			oullup current s oullup current s									
DO_NPN	3			PNP mode (DO NPN mode (DO			_ ·						
DO_PP	2		0 = The DO/DI driver is in PNP mode (DO_NPN = 0) or NPN mode (DO_NPN = 1). 1 = The DO/DI driver is in push-pull mode.										
INVDO	1		0 = DO/DI logic is inverted compared to LO/LI and the DO_Q bit. 1 = DO/DI logic is the same as LO/LI and the DO_Q bit.										
DO_EN	0							 D) = DO/DI driver is disabled. DO/DI receiver is enabled. LO/LI is an output. I) = DO/DI driver is enabled. DO/DI receiver is disabled. LO/LI is an input. 					

CLKCONFIG (0x09)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	ENCLKTRIM	_	_	-	-	CLKDIV[1:0]		MCLKDIS
Reset	0	-	-	-	-	00		0
Access Type	Read and Write	-	-	-	_	Read and Write		Read and Write

BITFIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION
ENCLKTRIM	7	0 =Fine trimming of the MCLK frequency is disabled.1 = Fine trimming of the MCLK frequency is enabled. See the CKTRIM register.
CLKDIV	2:1	The CLKDIV[1:0] bits set the internal clock divider ratio. 00 = MCLK frequency is 3.686MHz 01 = MCLK frequency is 7.373MHz 10 = MCLK frequency is 14.74MHz 11 = MCLK frequency is 1.843MHz
MCLKDIS	0	0 = MCLK is enabled. 1 = MCLK is disabled. MCLK is not high impedance when MCLKDIS = 1.

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CKTRIM (0x0A)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Field	-	-		CKTRIM[5:0]						
Reset			000000							
Access Type	Read ar	nd Write Read and Write								
BITFIELD	BITFIELD BITS DESCRIPTION									
CKTRIM	5:0		<i>I</i> [5:0] bits are used to trim the internally generated clock frequency. The bits are binary ared to 0. Range is from +0.7% for -32, 0% for 0, and -5.5% for +31.							

CHIPID (0x0C)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Field	CHIPID[7:0]								
Reset	0001 0010								
Access Type	Read Only								

BITFIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION
CHIPID	7:0	The CHIPID[7:0] bit identifies the revision of the MAX22513.

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Applications Information

Table 3. DO/DI Control

	DO EN LO/LI		DO/DI					
DO_EN	LO/LI	DO_Q	NPN MODE	PNP MODE	PP MODE			
0	OUTPUT	Х	DO/DI DRIVER IS DISABLED. DO/DI IS CONFIGURED AS AN INPUT					
	1	0	Z	Н	Н			
1	L	1	Z	Н	Н			
1		0	L	Z	L			
		1	Z	Н	Н			

Table 4. C/Q Control

CQ_EN	TXEN	тх	CQ_Q	C/Q		
				NPN MODE	PNP MODE	PP MODE
0	Х	Х	Х	C/Q IS CONFIGURED AS A RECEIVER	Z	Z
1	L	Х	Х	Z	Z	Z
	н	L	0	Z	Н	Н
			1	Z	Н	Н
		Н	0	L	Z	L
			1	Z	Н	Н

X = Don't Care, Z = High Impedance

MCLK Microcontroller Clocking

The MCLK output produces a clock suitable for IO-Link communication that can be used for UART clocking.

Select the frequency of the MCLK output by setting the CLKDIV[1:0] bits in the CLKCONFIG register. Available MCLK frequencies are 14.745MHz, 7.373MHz, 3.686MHz, or 1.843MHz.

The MCLK oscillator is enabled by default and the switching frequency is 3.686MHz. MCLK voltage output levels are referenced to the V_L logic supply.

Use the CKTRIM register to fine tune the MCLK frequency if needed.

EMC Protection

The MAX22513 features integrated surge protection of $\pm 1 kV/500\Omega$ for 8µs/20µs surge line-to-line and line-to-ground on the C/Q, DO/DI, V₂₄, and GND pins.

External TVS diodes are required to meet higher levels of surge protection. Ensure that the TVS diode peak clamping voltage is within the <u>Absolute Maximum Ratings</u> voltage ratings.

Power Dissipation and Thermal Considerations

Ensure that the total power dissipation in the MAX22513 is less than the limit in the <u>Absolute Maximum Ratings</u>. Total power dissipation for the MAX22513 is calculated using the following equation:

$$P_{TOTAL} = P_Q + P_{V5} + P_{V33} + P_{C/Q} + P_{DO}$$

where:

P_Q = Quiescent power generated in MAX22513,

 $P_{C/Q}$ = Power generated in the C/Q driver,

 P_{DO} = Power dissipated by the DO/DI driver,

 P_{V33} and P_{V5} = Power generated by the internal linear regulators

Quiescent power dissipated in the MAX22513 is calculated as:

 $P_Q = [I_{24} \times V_{24}(max)] + [I_5 \times V_5]$

Power dissipated in the C/Q driver is calculated as:

$$P_{C/Q} = I_{C/Q}(max)^2 \times R_{ON}$$

 $I_{C/Q}$ is the load current driven by the C/Q driver and R_{ON} is the driver on-resistance.

Power dissipated in the DO/DI driver is calculated as:

$$P_{DO} = I_{DO}(max)^2 \times R_{ON}$$

 I_{DO} is the load current driven by the DO/DI driver and R_{ON} is the driver on-resistance.

Power dissipated in the 5V linear regulator (V₅) is calculated as:

$$P_{V5} = (V_{LIN} - V_5) \times I_{5LOAD}$$

 I_{5LOAD} includes both the load current on the V_5 regulator and the 3.3V regulator.

Power dissipated in the 3.3V linear regulator $\left(V_{33} \right)$ is calculated as:

P_{V33} = 1.7V x I_{33LOAD}

 I_{33LOAD} is the load on the 3.3V regulator.

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Layout and Grounding

Layout for the MAX22513 is important to ensure that all parts operate normally and with minimal interference.

The MAX22513 features three ground pins: GND, DGND, and SGND.

Bypass all supply pins (V_5 , V_L , and PV24) to the GND pin and connect directly to a ground plane. Bypass capacitors should be placed as close to the IC as possible.

Connect the SGND directly to the ground plane.

The V₂₄, C/Q, DO/DI and DGND pins are connected directly to the IO-Link connector. Connect all bypass capacitors and other components on this line directly to the DGND. Connect the DGND to the ground layer at the IC (at the exposed pad for the TQFN or under pad D8 on the WLP package).

Keep the component loop for the DC-DC buck regulator as small as possible. Ensure that the feedback resistor divider is not near the inductor. Connect the ground terminal of the DC-DC output capacitor to the ground plane with multiple vias.

 $\underline{\mbox{Figure 13}}$ shows an example of layout and grounding connections.

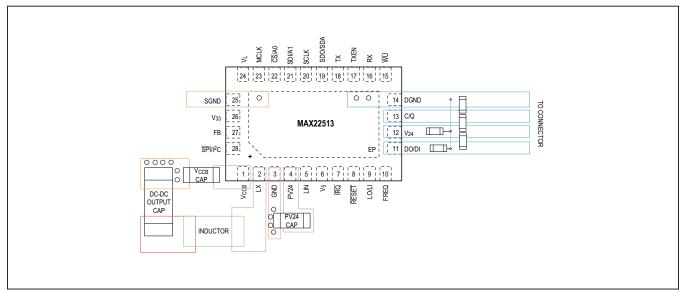
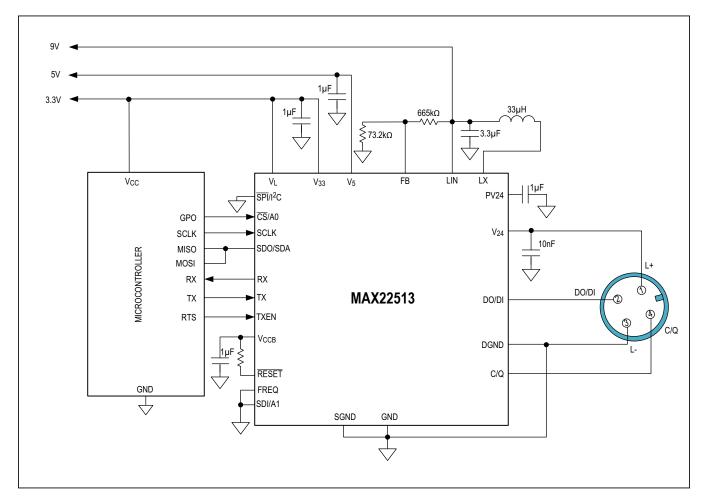


Figure 13. Sample Grounding Scheme (TQFN Package)

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Typical Application Circuits

Half-Duplex SPI Interface Application with 9V/150mA DC-DC Output (12V, min Input)



Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	BALL PITCH
MAX22513ATI+	-40°C to +125°C	28 TQFN-EP*	—
MAX22513ATI+T	-40°C to +125°C	28 TQFN-EP*	—
MAX22513AWJ+	-40°C to +125°C	32 WLP	0.5mm
MAX22513AWJ+T	-40°C to +125°C	32 WLP	0.5mm

*EP = Exposed pad. T = Tape and reel.

Surge Protected Dual Driver IO-Link Device Transceiver with DC-DC

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	12/18	Initial release	—
1	1/19	Updated the Absolute Ratings Maximum, Electrical Characteristics, Pin Description, RESET Input/Power OK (POK) Output, High Temperature Warning, Thermal Shutdown, and Typical External Component sections; updated Table 1, the Register Map, and INTERRUPT (0x00), IRQMASK (0x01), STATUS (0x02), STATUS2 (0x03), MODE (0x04), CONTROL (0x06), and DOCONFIG (0x08) register tables	4, 7, 19, 24, 27, 32–37, 39, 41
2	2/19	Corrected part number in the Ordering Information table	45
3	2/19	Removed future product designation from MAX22513AWJ+ and MAX22513AWJ+T from the <i>Ordering Information</i> table	45
3.1		Updated typos in Table 1	27
4	7/19	Updated the <i>C/Q</i> and <i>DO/DI</i> Driver Thermal Shutdown and I ² C Interface sections, and Table 3; added the Undervoltage Lockout Threshold (UVLO) section	23, 29–30, 43

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