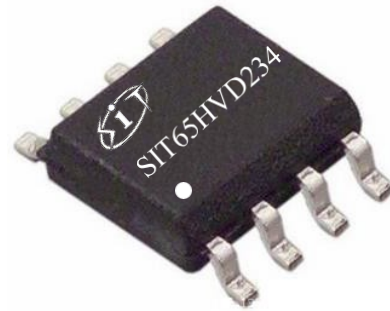




FEATURES

- Operates with a single 3.3V supply;
- Compatible with ISO 11898-2 standard;
- Bus pin ESD protection exceeds $\pm 16\text{kV}$ Human Body Model (HBM);
- Allows up to 120 nodes to be connected on a bus;
- Adjustable driver transition times for improved emissions performance;
- Low current standby mode: $370\mu\text{A}$ (typical value);
- Ultra-low current sleep mode: 50nA (typical value);
- Designed for data rates up to 1Mbps ;
- Thermal shutdown protection;
- Open circuit fail-safe design;
- Glitch-free power-up and power-down protection for hot plugging applications

OUTLINE



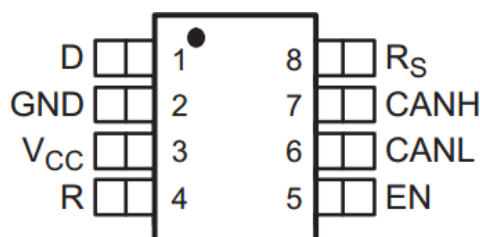
Provide green and environmentally friendly lead-free packaging

DESCRIPTION

The SIT65HVD234 is an interface chip used between the CAN protocol controller and the physical bus. It is designed for use with the 3.3V microprocessors, microcontrollers and digital signal processors with CAN controllers, or with equivalent protocol controller devices. It is used in industrial automation, control, sensors and drive systems, motor and robotic control, building and temperature control (HVAC), telecom and base station control and status and other fields. It is suitable for use in applications employing the CAN serial communication physical layer in accordance with the ISO 11898 standard.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage	V_{CC}		3	3.6	V
Maximum transmission rate	$1/t_{bit}$	Non-return-to-zero code	1		Mbaud
CANH, CANL input or output voltage	V_{can}		-36	+36	V
Bus differential voltage	V_{diff}		1.5	3.0	V
Ambient temperature	T_{amb}		-40	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

PIN CONFIGURATION





LIMITING VALUES

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3~+6	V
DC voltage on D/R pins	D, R	-0.5~V _{CC} +0.5	V
Bus side input voltage	CANL, CANH	-36~36	V
Transient voltage on pins 6, 7	V _{tr}	-25~+25	V
Receiver output current, I _O		-11~11	mA
Storage temperature range		-40~150	°C
Ambient temperature range		-40~125	°C
Welding temperature range		300	°C
Continuous power consumption	SOP8	400	mW
	DIP8	700	mW

The maximum limit parameter value means that exceeding these values may cause irreversible damage to the device. Under these conditions, it is not conducive to the normal operation of the device. Continuous operation of the device under the maximum allowable rating may affect the reliability of the device. The reference point of all voltages is ground.

PINNING

Pin number	Pin name	Pin function
1	D	CAN transmit data input (low level in the dominant bus state; high level in the recessive bus state), also known as TXD, driver input
2	GND	Ground connection
3	VCC	Transceiver 3.3V supply voltage
4	R	CAN receive data output (low level in the dominant bus state; high level in the recessive bus state), also known as RXD, driver output
5	EN	Enable control port: EN=1: normal operation (high speed or standby mode) EN=0: ultra-low power sleep mode
6	CANL	Low level CAN bus line
7	CANH	High level CAN bus line
8	R _s	Mode selection pin: - strong pull-down to GND = high-speed mode; - strong pull-up to VCC = low power consumption mode; - pull down to GND through a 10kΩ to 100kΩ resistor = slope control mode.

**BUS TRANSMITTER DC CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter		Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{O(D)}$	Output voltage (dominant)	CANH	$V_I=0V, R_S=0V, R_L=60\Omega$ (See Figure 1, Figure 2)	2.45		V_{CC}	V
		CANL		0.5		1.25	
$V_{OD(D)}$	Differential output voltage (dominant)		$V_I=0V, R_S=0V, R_L=60\Omega$ (See Figure 1)	1.5	2	3	V
			$V_I=0V, R_L=60\Omega, R_S=0V$ (See Figure 3)	1.2	2	3	V
$V_{O(R)}$	Output voltage (recessive)	CANH	$V_I=3V, R_S=0V, R_L=60\Omega$ (See Figure 1)		2.3		V
		CANL			2.3		
$V_{OD(R)}$	Differential output voltage (recessive)		$V_I=3V, R_S=0V$	-0.12		0.012	V
			$V_I=3V, R_S=0V$, no load	-0.5		0.05	V
I_{IH}	High voltage input current		$V_I=2V$	-30		30	μA
I_{IL}	Low voltage input current		$V_I=0.8V$	-30		30	μA
I_{OS}	Short circuit output current		CANH=-7V	-250			mA
			CANH=12V			1	
			CANL=-7V	-1			
			CANL=12V			250	
C_o	Output capacitance		See receiver				
I_{CC}	Supply current		Sleep		0.05	2	μA
			Standby		370	600	μA
			$V_I=0V$ (dominant), no load			6	mA
			$V_I=V_{CC}$ (recessive), no load			6	mA

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm 10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN}\sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^\circ C$)

BUS TRANSMITTER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time (low-to-high level)	$R=0$, short circuit (see Figure 4)		35	85	ns
		$R=10\text{ k}\Omega$		70	125	
		$R=100\text{ k}\Omega$		500	870	
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time (high-to-low level)	$R=0$, short circuit (see Figure 4)		70	120	
		$R=10\text{ k}\Omega$		130	180	
		$R=100\text{ k}\Omega$		870	1200	



$t_{sk(p)}$	Pulse skew ($ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $)	R=0, short circuit (see Figure 4)		35	
		R=10 k Ω		60	
		R=100 k Ω		370	
t_r	Output signal rise time	R=0, short circuit (see Figure 4)	20		70
		R=10 k Ω	30		150
		R=100 k Ω	350		1400
t_f	Output signal fall time	R=0, short circuit (see Figure 4)	20		70
		R=10 k Ω	30		150
		R=100 k Ω	350		1400

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN}\sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$)

BUS RECEIVER DC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	See table 1		750	900	mV
V_{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	See table 1	500	650		mV
V_{hys}	Hysteresis voltage	$V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$		100		mV
V_{OH}	High level output voltage	$-6V < V_{ID} < 500mV$ $I_O = -8mA$ (See Figure 5)	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage	$900mV < V_{ID} < 6V$ $I_O = 8mA$ (See Figure 5)			0.4	V
I_i	Bus input current	$V_{IH}=12V, V_{CC}=0V$	200		600	μA
I_i		$V_{IH}=12V, V_{CC}=3.3V$	150		500	μA
I_i		$V_{IH}=-7V, V_{CC}=0V$	-450		-130	μA
I_i		$V_{IH}=-7V, V_{CC}=3.3V$	-610		-150	μA
R_i	Input resistance	ISO 11898-2 standard	20	35	50	K Ω
R_{diff}	Differential input resistance	ISO 11898-2 standard	40		100	K Ω
C_i	Input capacitance	ISO 11898-2 standard		40		pF



C_{diff}	Differential input capacitance	ISO 11898-2 standard		20		pF
I_{CC}	Supply current	See driver				

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN}\sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$)

BUS RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time (low-to-high level)	See Figure 6		35	60	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time (high-to-low level)	See Figure 6		35	60	ns
t_{sk}	Pulse skew	$ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $		7		ns
t_r	Output signal rise time	See Figure 6		2	5	ns
t_f	Output signal fall time	See Figure 6		2	5	ns

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN}\sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$)

DEVICE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{(LOOP1)}$	Loop delay 1, driver input to receiver output, recessive to dominant	R=0, short circuit (see Figure 9)		70	135	ns
		R=10 k Ω		105	190	ns
		R=100 k Ω		535	1000	ns
$t_{(LOOP2)}$	Loop delay 2, driver input to receiver output, dominant to recessive	R=0, short circuit (see Figure 9)		70	165	ns
		R=10 k Ω		105	190	ns
		R=100 k Ω		535	1000	ns

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN}\sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$)

OVER TEMPERATURE PROTECTION

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Over temperature shutdown	$T_j(sd)$			155	170	$^{\circ}C$

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN}\sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$)



CONTROL PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{WAKE}	Standby to wake up time	R_S connected to square wave (see Figure 7)		0.55	1.5	μs
	Sleep to wake up time	EN connected to square wave (see Figure 8)		1	5	μs
I_{RS}	High-speed mode input current	$V_{RS} < 1V$	-450		0	μA
V_{RS}	Standby/sleep input voltage	$0 < V_{RS} < V_{CC}$	$0.75V_{CC}$		V_{CC}	V
I_{off}	Power-down leakage current	$V_{CC}=0V$ $V_{CANH}=V_{CANL}=5V$	-250		250	μA

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V \pm 10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN} \sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^\circ C$)

SUPPLY CURRENT

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Sleep mode power consumption	I_{CC}	EN=0, $R_S=V_{CC}$ or 0V, $V_I=V_{CC}$		0.05	2	μA
Standby mode power consumption	I_{CC}	EN= V_{CC} , $R_S=V_{CC}$, $V_I=V_{CC}$		370	600	μA
Dominant power consumption	I_{CC}	EN= V_{CC} , $V_I=0V$, $R_S=0V$, LOAD=60 Ω		50	70	mA
Recessive power consumption	I_{CC}	EN= V_{CC} , $V_I=V_{CC}$, $R_S=0V$, NO LOAD			6	mA

(If not otherwise stated, $V_{CC}=3.3V \pm 10\%$, $Temp=T_{MIN} \sim T_{MAX}$, the typical value is $V_{CC}=+3.3V$, $Temp=25^\circ C$)

FUNCTION TABLE

Table 1 Receiver characteristics over common mode ($V_{(RS)}=1.2V$)

V_{ID}	V_{CANH}	V_{CANL}	R OUTPUT	
900mV	-6.1V	-7V	L	VOL
900mV	12V	11.1V	L	
6V	-1V	-7V	L	
6V	12V	6V	L	
500mV	-6.5V	-7V	H	VOH
500mV	12V	11.5V	H	
-6V	-7V	-1V	H	
-6V	6V	12V	H	
X	Open	Open	H	

(1) H=high level; L=low level; X=irrelevant

Table 2 Driver functions

INPUTS			OUTPUTS		
D	EN	R _S	CANH	CANL	Bus state
L	H	$\leq 0.33V_{CC}$	H	L	Dominant
H	X	$\leq 0.33V_{CC}$	Z	Z	Recessive
Open	X	X	Z	Z	Recessive
X	X	$> 0.75V_{CC}$	Z	Z	Recessive
X	L or Open	X	Z	Z	Recessive

(1) H=high level; L=low level; Z=high impedance state

Table 3 Receiver functions

INPUTS			OUTPUTS
Bus state	VID=CANH-CANL	EN	R
Dominant	$V_{ID} \geq 0.9V$	H	L
Recessive	$V_{ID} \leq 0.5V$ or open	H	H
?	$0.5 < V_{ID} < 0.9V$	H	?
X	X	L or open	H

(1) H=high level; L=low level; ?=uncertain; X=irrelevant

TEST CIRCUIT

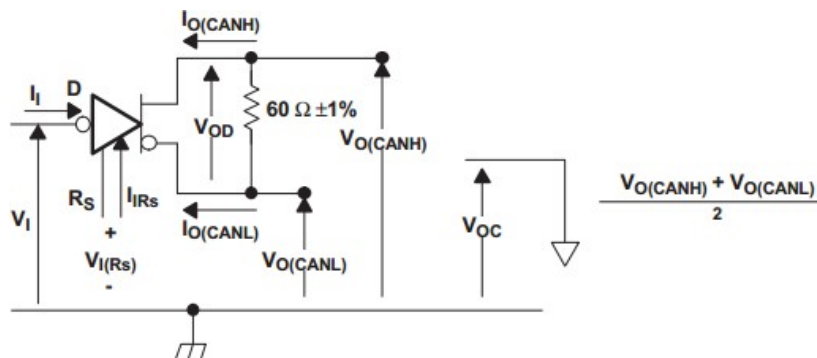


Figure 1 Driver Voltage And Current Definition

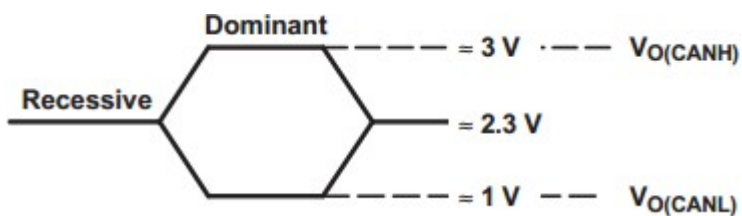
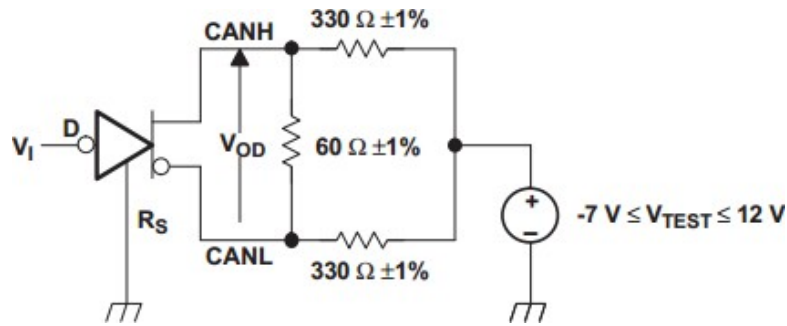
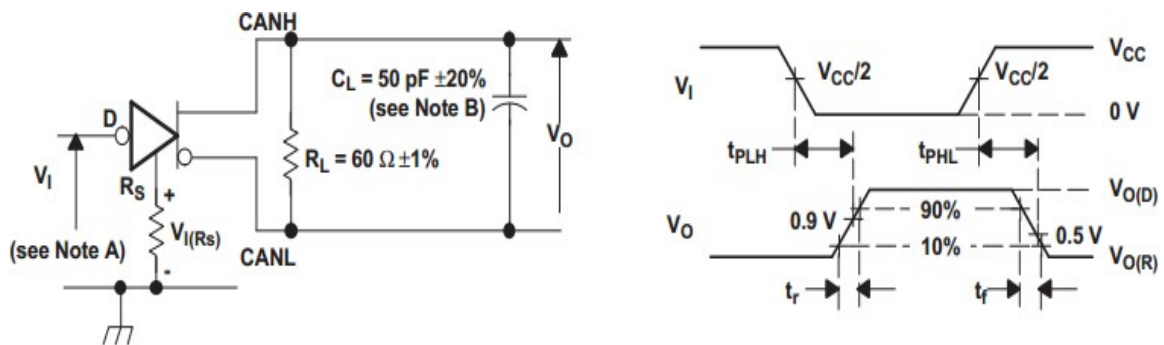


Figure 2 Bus Logic State Voltage Definition

Figure 3 Driver V_{OD} Test Circuit

A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics
 $PRR \leq 125\text{ kHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6\text{ ns}$, $t_f < 6\text{ ns}$, $Z_o = 50\ \Omega$

B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Figure 4 Driver Test Circuit and Waveform

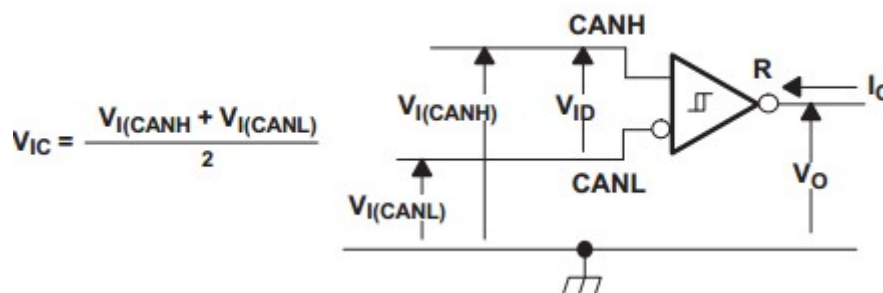
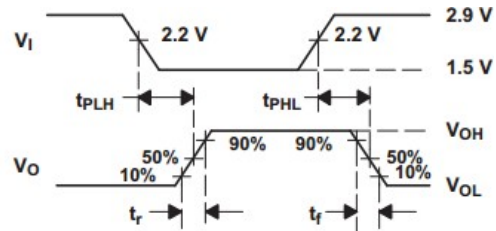
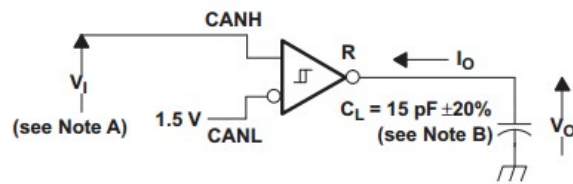


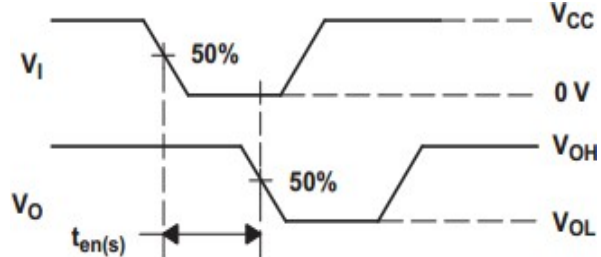
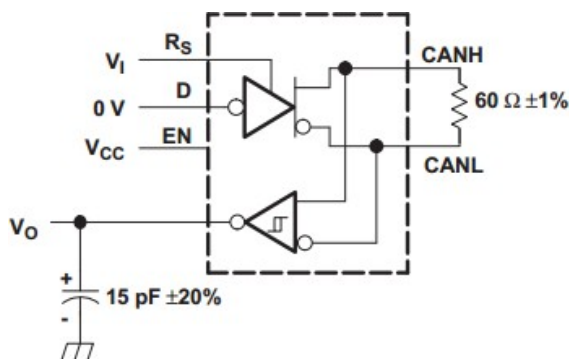
Figure 5 Receiver Voltage and Current Definition



A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics
 $\text{PRR} \leq 125\text{kHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6\text{ns}$, $t_f < 6\text{ns}$, $Z_o = 50\Omega$

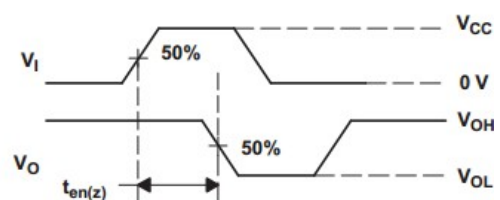
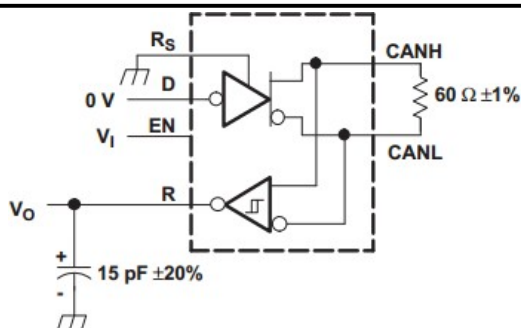
B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Figure 6 Receiver Test Circuit and Waveform



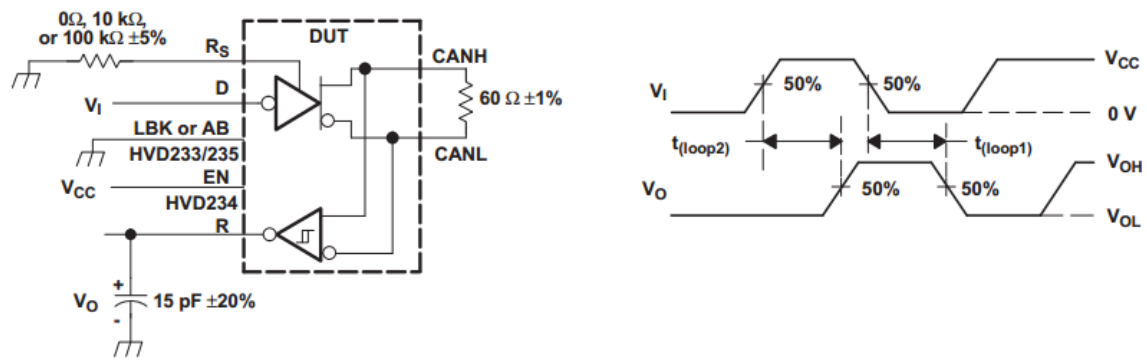
A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics
 $\text{PRR} \leq 125\text{kHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6\text{ns}$, $t_f < 6\text{ns}$

Figure 7 t_{WAKE} Test Circuit and Waveform (Standby)



A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics
 $\text{PRR} \leq 50\text{kHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6\text{ns}$, $t_f < 6\text{ns}$

Figure 8 t_{WAKE} Test Circuit and Waveform (Sleep)



A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics
PRR \leq 125kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6\text{ns}$, $t_f < 6\text{ns}$, $Z_o = 50\Omega$

Figure 9 t_{LOOP} Test Circuit and Waveform

DESCRIPTION

1 Brief description

The SIT65HVD234 is the interface between the Controller Area Network (CAN) protocol controller and the physical bus. It is designed for use with the 3.3V μPs , MCUs and DSPs with CAN controllers, or with equivalent protocol controller devices. It is used in industrial automation, control, sensors and drive systems, motor and robotic control, building and climate control (HVAC), telecom and basestation control and status. It is designed for data rates up to 1 Mbps and intended for use in applications employing the CAN serial communication physical layer in accordance with the ISO 11898 standard.

2 Short circuit protection

A current-limiting circuit protects the driver output stage of the SIT65HVD234 against short-circuits to positive and negative supply voltage. When short-circuit occurs the power dissipation increases but the short-circuit protection function will prevent destruction of the driver output stage.

3 Over temperature protection

The SIT65HVD234 has an integrated over-temperature protection circuit. If the junction temperature exceeds 170°C , the current in the driver stage will decrease. Because the driver stage dissipates most of the power, the power dissipation and temperature of the IC is reduced. All other parts of the chip remain operational.



4 Electrical transient protection

Electrical transients often occur in automotive applications. The CANH and CANL of the SIT65HVD234 are also protected against electrical transients.

5 Control mode

Three different operating modes are provided through the RS pin (pin 8): high-speed mode, slope control mode and low-power mode

(1) High-speed mode

High-speed mode can be selected by applying logic low level to RS pin (pin 8). High-speed working mode is usually used in industrial applications. The high-speed mode allows the output to switch as fast as possible, and there are no internal restrictions on the output rise and fall slopes. If the high-speed mode affects the radiation performance, you can use the slope control mode.

If the application requires the use of high-speed and low-power standby modes, the mode selection pin can be directly connected to the general-purpose output pin of the microprocessor, MCU or DSP. When the controller outputs a logic low level ($< 1.2\text{ V}$), the device enters high-speed mode; when the controller outputs a logic high level ($> 0.75\text{ VCC}$), the device enters standby mode.

(2) Slope control mode

For many applications that are still using unshielded twisted pair bus cables to reduce system costs, electromagnetic compatibility is critical. The device has a new slope control mode, which can reduce the electromagnetic interference generated by the rise and fall time of the driver and the harmonics generated thereby. By connecting a resistor between RS (pin 8) and ground or logic low voltage, the rising and falling slopes of the driver output can be adjusted. The slope of the output signal of the driver is proportional to the output current of the pin, and the slope control is achieved through an external resistor (typically $10\text{k}\Omega\sim 100\text{k}\Omega$).

(3) Standby mode

If a logic high level ($> 0.75\text{ VCC}$) is applied to RS (pin 8), the device will enter a low current, listen only standby mode. During this mode, the driver will be turned off and the receiver will remain working. In this listen-only state, the transceiver is completely passive to the bus. It makes no difference if a slope control resistor is placed or not. When the rising edge of the dominant state (bus differential voltage $> 900\text{mV}$ typical value) occurs on the bus, the microprocessor can reverse this low-power standby mode. The microprocessor senses bus activity and reactivates the driver circuit by applying a logic low ($< 1.2\text{ V}$) to RS (pin 8).

6 Enable control function

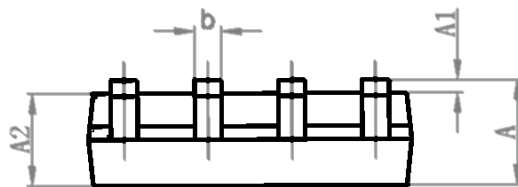
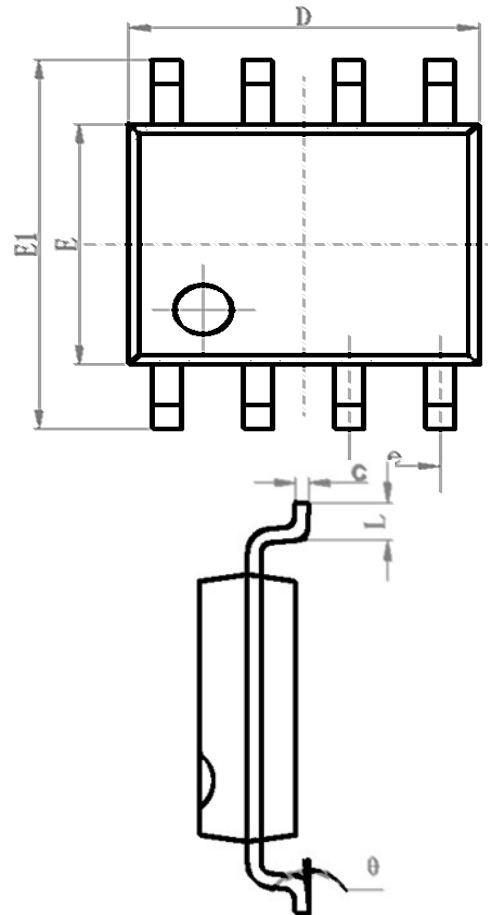
The SIT65HVD234 enable function is controlled by the EN pin (pin 5). If a low logic level is applied to EN pin the SIT65HVD234 enters an ultra low-current sleep mode in which both the driver and receiver circuits are deactivated. The device remains in this sleep mode until the circuit is reactivated by applying a high logic level to pin 5.



SOP8 DIMENSIONS

PACKAGE SIZE

Symbol	MIN./mm	TYP./mm	MAX./mm
A	1.50	1.60	1.70
A1	0.1	0.15	0.2
A2	1.35	1.45	1.55
b	0.355	0.400	0.455
D	4.800	4.900	5.00
E	3.780	3.880	3.980
E1	5.800	6.000	6.200
e		1.270BSC	
L	0.40	0.60	0.80
c	0.153	0.203	0.253
θ	-2°	-4°	-6°

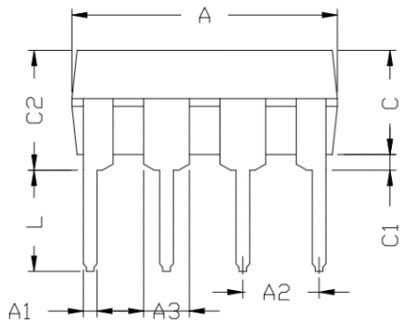
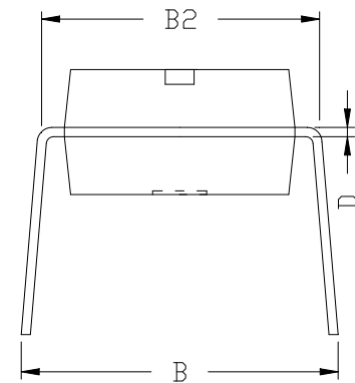
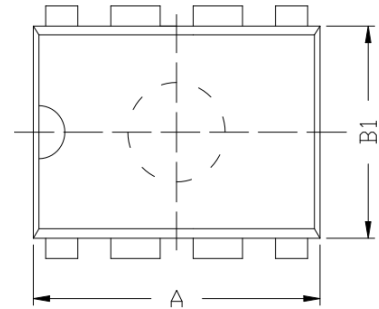




DIP8 DIMENSIONS

PACKAGE SIZE

Symbol	MIN./mm	TYP./mm	MAX./mm
A	9.00	9.20	9.40
A1	0.33	0.45	0.51
A2	2.54TYP		
A3	1.525TYP		
B	8.40	8.70	9.10
B1	6.20	6.40	6.60
B2	7.32	7.62	7.92
C	3.20	3.40	3.60
C1	0.50	0.60	0.80
C2	3.71	4.00	4.31
D	0.20	0.28	0.36
L	3.00	3.30	3.60



ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	TEMPERATURE	PACKAGE
SIT65HVD234DR	-40°C~125°C	SOP8
SIT65HVD234P	-40°C~125°C	DIP8

Tape/reel package is 2500 pieces